The Bombay Gazette.

No. 10,031—New Series

BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JANUARY 14, 1881.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows :—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
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Not exceeding three lines	Re. 1-0.
Each succeeding line	„ 0-8.

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

Price per Copy ..... As. 4

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, (Limited).

Will despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. CHINSURA, 2,033 Tons, on THURSDAY, 20th January, 1881, at 3 p. m., calling at Hutnagherry, Viagoria, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangaore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Masulipatam, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S.S. PUNJAUB, 1,080 Tons, on TUESDAY, 18th January, 1881, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Jask, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Biarch, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR CUTCH, MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE

S. S. EUPHRATES, 803 Tons, on SATURDAY, 15th January 1881, at 10 a. m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. JAVA, 1,465 Tons, on THURSDAY, 10th February, 1881.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 13th Jan., 1881. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

The Regular Steamers Leave GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th, on the 1st *of each Month.*

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.		2nd Class.		
Aden	Rs. 220	.... Rs. 150	.... Rs. 40		
Suez	„ 360	.... „ 220	.... „ 80		
Port Said	„ 360	.... „ 240	.... „ 90		
Messina	„ 500	.... „ 340	.... „ 140	Including Wines.	Without food.
Naples	„ 500	.... „ 340	.... „ 140		
Leghorn	„ 500	.... „ 340	.... „ 140		
Genoa	„ 500	.... „ 340	.... „ 140		
Marseilles	„ 520	.... „ 350	.... „ 145		

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

Next steamers from Bombay :—

MANILLA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st February, 1881.
SUMATRA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st March, 1880.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation, and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The Steamers of this Company start precisely at 12 noon. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

First and Second Class Through Railway Tickets, from GENOA and NAPLES to LONDON, are issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can be booked at through-rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.
Bombay, 1st December, 1880.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN.

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

	Captains	Tons.	h.p.	noml.	1881.
s.s. BRITANNIA	...R. Hutchinson	3000	400	....	12th Feb
s.s. HISPANIA	...James Laird..	3300	400	....	12th March
s.s. ROMANIA	.....	3300	400	....	6th April
s.s. MACEDONIA	..Thos. Martin..	2272	486	....	30th do.
s.s. BRITANNIA	..R. Hutchinson	3000	400	....	11th May
s.s. HISPANIA	...James Laird..	3300	400	....	11th June

BOMBAY TO GENOA OR NAPLES.

	Captains	Tons.	h.p.	noml.	1881.
s.s. OLYMPIA	....John Lang	3050	421	....	19th Jan
s.s. GALATEA	....S. Puddicombe	2044	360	....	19th Feb
s.s. INDIA	.....Geo. H. Read..	2289	500	....	19th Mar
s.s. ITALIA	.....Thos. G. Knox.	2745	421	....	13th April
s.s. ASSYRIA	..... J. Campbell..	1623	421	....	25th May

For rates and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 5th January, 1880.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S., VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 3.5 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yard, [single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30.] The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND

And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE BITES,

AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM.

Has no equal

AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA.

Or any sort of Bowel Complaint it stands alone for celency and rapidity of action.

Full Directions accompany each bottle.

Retailed by chemists all over the world.

Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.

General Agent at Bombay—

ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
Pir Market near Jumma Musjid.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
— TEHERAN	2589	400	A. C. Loggin	15th „
s. AUSTRALIA	3664	600	G. F. Cates	22nd „
— SUMATRA	2188	450	R. F. Briscoe	29th Jan.
s. MIRZAPORE	3887	600	A. Parish	5th Feb.
— SIAM	3026	500	G. N. Hector	10th „
s. RAVENNA	3340	700	E. Stewart	17th „
— SURAT	3142	530	W. E. Breeze	24th „
s. PEKIN	3900	600	W. D. Anderson	3rd Mar.
— MONGOLIA	2833	530	E. M. Edmond	10th „
s. ROHILLA	3464	700	W. Barratt	17th „
s. NIZAM (EXTRA)	2725	450	G. W. Brady	19th „
— MALWA	2959	500	W. Thompson	24th „
s. DECCAN	3429	550	W. B. Andrews	31st „
— SUMATRA	2488	450	R. F. Briscoe	7th Apr.
s. BRINDISI	3000	550	Geo. Lee	14th „
— SIAM	3026	500	G. N. Hector	21st „
s. SURAT	3142	530	W. E. Breeze	28th „

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
KHIVA	2600	450	T. Alderton	11th Jan.
KASHGAR	2621	450	W. A. Seaton	28th
GWALIOR	2733	450	E. I. Baker	11th Feb.
THIBET	2593	400	W. R. Jordan	25th „

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Galle.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, at Mazagon, at 3 p. m., on the day of sailing.

RETURN TICKETS.

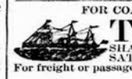
Return Tickets are now issued from Bombay, at reduced rates, available for three and six months, from date of departure to date of arrival :—

	3 months.	6 months.
To Brindisi or Venice and back	Rs. 950	Rs. 1,150
Do. do. with option of travelling one way *viâ* Southampton	„ 1,000	„ 1,200
To Southampton and back	„ 1,050	„ 1,250

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for six months)	Rs. 600	Rs. 450
To Galle and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 7th January, 1881.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.



THE ASIATIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Limited's, S. S. SHAHJEHAN will sail as above about SATURDAY, the 22nd January, 1881.

For freight or passage apply to

SIGG-SULZER & Co.
Agents, Asiatic Steam Navigation Company, Limited.
Bombay, 11th January, 1881.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYDS' STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE *viâ* CANAL.

THE following steamers will be despatched from Bombay to Trieste :—

Vessels.	Captains.	1881.
s.s. MARS	F. Colombo,	5th Feb.
s.s. CALIPSO	B. Gelcich	12th „
s.s. TIMAVO	.....	25th „
s.s. HUNGARIA	G. Doncich	5th Mar.
s.s. TEBE	.....	25th „
s.s. URANO	N. Ucropina,	5th April.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 140 0
To Cyprus *viâ* Port Said	375	295	143 0
To Port Said	320	255	131 0
To Suez	200	210	122 0
To Aden	170	130	66 8

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent
Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, January 7th, 1881.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF SILK AT TARDEO.

On MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tardeo in Mill-godown by order of the Alliance Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, and on account and at the risk of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co. of Shanghai.

18 bales long waste silk.

AUCTION SALE of Wrought Iron Carriage and Waggon Wheels and Iron Tyres, at Wari Bunder, Mazagon.

On WEDNESDAY, the 19th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs MENESSE and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the G. I. P. Railway Stores Depot, Wari Bunder, Mazagon—

84 pairs of wrought iron carriage and wagon wheels, 3 feet 1 inch diameter, fitted on axles, 4½ diameter with 9 by 3½ journals.

Also, 300 new spare bowling iron tyres, suitable for same.

The above are now on view, and they will be sold in lots to suit the requirements of purchasers.

If the above are purchased for export, the Railway Company can remove the wheels from the axles at Rs. 2 per pair.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, 14th January, 1881.

FOR SALE, MANILLA and OILED COIR ROPE and CORDAGE. Apply to

OWEN & OKELL,
Agents to W. H. HARTON & Co., Calcutta.
Apollo Street, Bombay.

NOTICE.

CARWAR COMPANY, Limited, in Liquidation.

THE SALE of this Company's property advertised to be held to-morrow is POSTPONED until TUESDAY next, the 18th instant, at 3 p. m.

W. M. MACAULAY,
S. L. MACNAGHTEN, } Liquidators.
Bombay, 11th January, 1881.

INDIAN STATE RAILWAYS.

WANTED for service on the Cawnpore and Farukabad State Railway a LOCOMOTIVE FOREMAN. One who has had Workshop experience preferred.

Salary rising from Rs. 240 to Rs. 300 per mensem.

Application enclosing copies of certificates to be addressed to

W. COULTHURST GIBBONS,
Locomotive Superintendent, Provincial State Railway,
Cawnpore, N. W. P.

CABUL FIELD SERVICE TENTS,

WEIGHING 80 lbs., Price Rs. 75, Can be had at short notice on application, accompanied by remittance in full, to

The AGENT, ELGIN MILLS COMPANY, CAWNPORE.

HORSES—ARRIVAL OF FRESH BATCH OF EXCELLENT ARAB HORSES.

PER S. S. COCONADA FROM BUSSORAH.

DINSHAW SUNTOOK & CO. present their compliments to their constituents and the Public in general, and beg respectfully to inform them that they have just received a new and fourth batch of superior HIGH-CASTE UNIZA and NUZDEE HORSES, consisting of good Chargers, Hunters, Ekas, and Gallowas, &c., No. 145, Bhendy Bazaar, Commission Stable. Bombay, 4th December. 1880.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

NARRONJEE DHURUMSEY, Bengal Embroidery Merchant, respectfully invites the Ladies and Gentlemen of the Presidency and outstations, that he has just received a choice selection of Embroidery Crewel Silk Trimmings for Ladies' dresses, Crewel Wool, Silks, Paper Patterns and Crash ; also best Indian work, Beedle work Trimmings, Benares Toys, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Sun-hats, &c., &c.

Terms—Cash.

No. 21, Appollo Street, Fort.

THE MANCHESTER UNDERWRITERS ASSOCIATION.

WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS to the above Association, and are prepared to accept MARINE INSURANCES on very favorable terms.

GADDUM & Co.
7 and 9, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 22nd Dec., 1880.

JUST LANDED

A CONSIGNMENT OF SMITH AND WILLSTOOD'S CELEBRATED COOKING-STOVES.

REPORT from the Society of Arts' Great Stove-competition at London.—201 Stoves and Ranges in competition by all the eminent manufacturers. Full and severe trials, lasting over one year, resulted in Smith and Willstood's Stoves occupying the highest position for Efficiency and Economy, being declared the first and best in all trials, and going beyond the principal and required standards upon 25 per cent. less fuel.

ROGERS & Co.,
Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Measurement of Bales of Cotton and other Produce by the various Bunders.

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the 15th instant, the FEE for measuring Bales of Cotton, Wool, Hemp, &c., will be REDUCED from 4 pies to 3 pies per Bale.

By order of the Committee,
J. GORDON, Secretary.
Bombay Chamber of Commerce, 12th January, 1881.

LODGE CONCORD BALL.

THE ANNUAL MASONIC RE-UNION SOCIAL BALL of this LODGE will TAKE PLACE on 14th instant.

Tickets to admit one Gentleman and two Ladies Rs. 10.
Single Gentlemen's Ticket Rs. 10.
Extra Lady's Ticket Rs. 5.
Non-masons may also subscribe.
Applications for tickets to be made to T. C. BRENNEN, 18, Upper Duncan Road, near Treacher and Co., or to J. H. BURRETT, Fire Brigade, Near Terminus Hotel, Fort.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER'S SEA SALT,

FOR INLAND SEA BATHING.

Their Solution forms *an exact imitation of* PURE NATURAL SEA WATER,

and will be found invaluable to residents of the Mofussil.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per 7 lb. box	Re. 1-4	Re. 1-8

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

THE FOLLOWING BOOKS EXPECTED SHORTLY, ORDERS NOW REGISTERED.

INDIA IN 1880.
By Sir R. Temple.

"ENDYMION,"
By Earl Beaconsfield. Cheap edition in 1 vol.

NEW BOOKS.

	Rs.	a.
"Tramp Abroad." By Mark Twain	4	12
"Moths." By Ouida	3	4
Twenty-one Days in India. By Sir Ali Baba	2	8
"Secta." By Meadows Taylor	3	12
Hayes' Veterinary Notes for Horse-owners. New edition, 1881	6	12
Troutwine's Civil Engineer's Pocket Book, 1881	13	4
Molesworth's Pocket Book of Engineering Formula, 1881	3	12
Wittaker's Almanac, 1881	0	12
Ill. London News Christmas Number, with large coloured plate	1	0
Raverty's Notes in Afghanistan	1	8
Peruvian Bark, 1860-1880. By C. R. Markham	8	12
Darwins Power and Movements in Plants	9	8
The Arian Village. By Sir John Pheare	4	12
Duke of Wellington's Indian Despatches	15	0
Mallock's Is Life Worth Living ? New and cheaper edition	3	12
Dutt's A Sheaf Gleaned in French Fields	6	12
Kinglake's History of the Invasion in Crimea. Vol. 6th. Winter Troubles	10	0
Shaw's Elements of Modern Tactics. New edition	5	12
Hull's Coal Fields of Great Britain	10	0
Hayes' New Colorado and the Santa Fe Trail	5	12
Mitford's To Cabul with the Cavalry Brigade	5	12
Haws' Freemason's Manual. New edition, revised and enlarged, 1881	4	12
Temper's Natural Conditions of Animal Life	3	4
Mountain Sprites Kingdom and other Stories. By Lord Brabrowne	3	12
Official Monthly, Army List for Dec.	1	4
Wild Coasts of Nipon, Notes and Sketches. By Captain St. John	7	8

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.
26, Meadow Street.

COOPER AND COMPANY.

NEW BOOKS.

	Rs.	a.
Adam Smith ; by J. A. Farrer	2	4
Amateur Acting ; by J. K. Angus	1	8
Anatomy of Wealth ; by J. G. Constable	0	10
Anecdotes of Animals and Birds	3	4
Animal Life ; by K. Semper	3	4
Aryan Village in India and Ceylon ; by J. B. Phear	4	12
Astonished at America ; by L. Zigzac	0	10
Aunt Charlotte's Evening at Home ; by C. M. Yonge	3	12
Bauble Clark	0	10
Birth of the Century, or Eighty Years Ago ; by E. Marshall	1	0
Bombay Quarterly Army List, Jan. 1881	3	0
Boys' and Girls' Book of Science	3	4
Boys' and Girls' Book of Travel and Adventure.	3	4
Dricks without Straw : a novel ; by A. W. Tourgee	4	12
Chevalier's Daughter ; by L. E. Guernsey	3	4
Child's Play ; old and new ; by E. V. B.	2	4
Christmas Child ; by M. Molesworth	3	0
Cruise of Ullyses and his Men ; by C. M. Bell.	1	8
Dean Hook ; his Life and Letters ; by W. R. W. Stephens	3	12
Descartes ; by J. P. Mahaffey	1	8
Dragonnades, or Asylum Christe ; by the Rev. E. Gilliant	3	12
Drifting ; by T. B. Read	3	4
Duties and Duties ; by A. Giberne	3	4
Eastern Archipelago	3	4
Economical House-wife	0	10
Epic of Hades. Illustrated	15	12
Ditto	4	12
Family Physician. Second edition	13	4
Family Fortunes : a domestic story ; by E. Garrett	4	4
Food for the Invalid ; by J. M. Fothergill	2	4
Fool's Errand ; by one of the Fools	5	8
Forty Shires ; by C. M. Mason	3	12
Fra Angelico ; by C. M. Phillimore	2	4
Fra Bartolommeo ; by L. Scott	2	4
Fred. Bright : his Adventures by Land and Sea	2	0
Fruits of Darwinism ; by J. F. Fisher	3	4
Glass of Fashion ; by the Lounger in Society	2	4
Glimpses of England sequel to Glimpses of the Globe ; by J. R. Blakiston	0	10
Gold and Gilt ; by Ada Fell	3	4
Godwin's Ordeal ; by Mrs. J. K. Spender	3	10
Golden Grasshopper ; by W. H. G. Kingston	3	4
Hernia Strangulated and Reducible ; by J. H. Warren	10	0
Household Science ; by Rev. J. P. Faunthorpe.	2	4
History of Tommie Brown and the Queen of the Fairies	3	0
Holiday Times ; by H. L. Hamilton	2	4
Jack, a chapter in a Boy's Life ; by G. Osborn.	3	4
Jeff and Leff	1	0
John Holdsworth, Chief Mate ; by W. C. Russell	3	12
Lake Regions of Central Africa ; by J. Gaddie.	2	4
Letter "H," Past, Present and Future ; by A. Leach	0	10
Letters from my Mail ; by A. Daudet	1	4
Life and her Children ; by A. B. Buckley	3	12
Life of W. E. Gladstone ; by L. Apjohn	1	8
Little Empress Joan ; by Madeliene B. Hunt	1	8
Little Blue Lady ; by E. H. Mitchell	3	0
Madeleine ; a Story of French Love	0	10
Master Missionaries ; by A. H. Jopp	3	0
Materials and Construction ; by F. Campin	2	0
Matzchan and his Mistresses ; a true story	1	0
Midwifery for Midwives ; by J. E. Burton	3	12
Military Misreadings of Shakespeare ; by Major Seccombe	6	12
Moths ; by Ouida	3	4
Myddleton Pomfret ; by W. H. Ainsworth	2	4
Oakby and Number Twenty-nine ; by Mrs. Prosser	1	8
Ober-Ammergan Pansion Play ; by J. P. Jackson	1	8
Ode of Life	3	4
Old Court : a novel ; by W. H. Ainsworth	2	4
Oratory and Orators ; by W. Mathews	0	10
Our Next Door Neighbour ; by S Austin	2	4
Pocket-Book Dictionary, or Spelling Guide	0	6
Pocket-Book Ready-Reckoner, with Interest Tables	0	6
Party-Giving on Every Scale	1	8
Personal Life of David Livingstone ; by W. G. Blaikie	9	8
Peruvian Bark ; by C. R. Markham	8	12
Poor Girl ; by P. Egan	2	4
Power of Movements in Plants ; by C. Darwin	9	8
Practical Keramics for Students ; by C. A. Janvier	3	12
Punch's Pocket-Book, A. D. 1881	2	4
Radicalism : Its effects on the English Constitution ; by T. L. Oxley	0	4
Samuel Lover ; by A. J. Symington	1	8
Sceta ; by Col. M. Taylor	3	12
Sewing Machinery ; by J. W. Urquhart	1	4
Shakespeare's Stories, simply told ; by M. Seamer	2	4
Short History of the British School of Painting, C. H. Shepherd	2	4
Sister Augustine	4	12
Sketches of Eminent Statesmen and Writers, 2 vols	17	8
Story of a Bewdie ; by J. R. Macduff	3	4
Story of the Last Days of Jerusalem	2	4
Stories of the Olden Time ; by M. Jones	1	0
Tempter Behind ; a tale ; by J. Saunders	2	4
Thomas Moore, the Poet ; by A. J. Symington	1	8
Three Cups, or the Girls of St. Andrews	2	4
Throw h Flood, Through Fire ; by H. Frith	1	0
Tit-Bits for the Table ; by a Lady	1	0
To Kabul with the Cavalry Brigade ; by R. C. W. Mitford	5	12
Tom Heriot ; by E. Hodder	1	4
Twenty-one days in India ; by Sir Ali Baba	2	8
Victoria Cross ; an official chronicl	3	4
Voyages of the Elizabeth Seamen to America ; by E. J. Payne	4	12
What Girls can Do ; by P. Brown	3	4
White Rat ; by Lady Barker	3	0
Wild Coasts of Nipon ; by Captain H.C. St. John	7	8
William C. Bryant ; by A. J. Symington	1	8
Wise Words and Loving Deeds ; by E. C. Gray	3	0
With a Silken Thread ; by E. L. Linton	2	4
Wordsworth ; by F. W. H. Myers, "English Men of Letters"	1	8
Woodland Idyll ; by P. Allen	1	8
Young Ladies' Journal, Bound volume, with portfolio	9	0

NEW FRENCH NOVELS.

Baptême De Sang ; sar P. Timon	2	0
Corysande ; par H. Malot	2	0
Fidello ; par C. D'Osson	2	4
L'Oncle Du Monsieur de Madame ; par E. Chavette	2	0
Le Grison—Roman	2	0
Les Mémoires d'un Chiffonnier ; par M. D'Aghonne	1	0
Pylade ; par Al Rocoffort	2	0
Une Fille Du Peuple ; par G. Boutelleau	2	0

COOPER & CO.,
FORT, BOMBAY.

TREACHER AND CO.'S UNEQUALLED SHERRIES.

	Cash prices per doz. Rs.	a.
YELLOW SEAL SHERRY.—A pure, light, Spanish Wine, of fair quality and average	17	0
PALE DINNER SHERRY.—An excellent light Wine for general use, in great demand as a good, cheap, and clean-drinking Sherry	23	0
VINO DE PASTO.—A good, generous Dinner Wine, unequalled for price and well suited for family use	27	0
OLD DRY SHERRY.—Well matured, remarkably soft and dry, and free from acidity	30	0
GOLDEN SHERRY.—A rich nutty-flavoured Dessert Wine, much admired	30	0
MANZANILLA.—Exceedingly dry, of a fine straw colour, and unsurpassed for delicacy and purity ; it is a "perfect San Lucar" Wine, of full flavour and firmness	30	0
AMONTILLADO.—A genuine "natural" Sherry of Superior quality, very old and choice, one of the driest of the Xerez Wines	38	0

These Wines, selected with great care by the Company's XEREZ Agency, are deservedly acknowledged by Connoisseurs to be of the highest class.

SUPERIOR FRENCH BRANDIES.

	Cash. Rs.	a.
TREACHER'S FINE OLD PALE COGNAC (The celebrated Heart-labelled Brandy), pure, soft, and delicate per dozen	32	0
TREACHER'S OLD PALE COGNAC, a choice matured spirit „	29	0
TREACHER'S PALE COGNAC, a sound wholesome spirit „	25	0

These well-known Spirits, unequalled for purity and softness, find an increasing sale throughout India.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LIMITED,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

HOMEWARD BOUND PASSENGERS

THE TRAVELLERS KIT HOUSE.

ONLY ADDRESS 3 RAMPART ROW.

HOAR & CO.,
have ready for immediate use,
EVERY REQUISITE FOR A
SEA OR LAND JOURNEY,
and at a saving of
FROM 15 TO 20 PER CENT.

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WACHTER & CO. (EPERNAY), CHAMPAGNE SHIPPERS

TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES, AND THE ROYAL FAMILY.

Amongst the many brands of Champagne, good, bad, and indifferent, it is often rather puzzling to know which to choose, but when a Wine rapidly rises into fame, and is acknowledged by Connoisseurs to be of the highest quality, it may be inferred that but little risk can be run in ordering it. This is the case with the Wine of WACHTER & Co., of Epernay, which has of late been so patronised by Royalty that it may fairly claim to be called Royal Wine."—Morning Post.

NOTICE.
THIS ADVERTISEMENT APPEARS THREE TIMES A WEEK.

Price credit.....Rs. 58 per doz. qts. Rs. 61 for 2 doz. pts.
„ cash ..... „ 55-8 „ „ 58-8 „

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TUNING OF PIANOFORTES AND OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

WHEN contracted for by the term of six or twelve months, or when two or more Pianofortes are tuned.

TUNINGS.—This department is in charge of skilled European Tuners, who have been specially engaged from England.

Orders for tuning in the Fort or suburbs of Bombay receive prompt attention.

MOFUSSIL TUNINGS.—S. ROSE and Co. undertake the tuning and repairs of Pianofortes and other Musical Instruments in the Mofussil and Madras Presidency on special moderate terms.

REPAIRS.—We have extensive Godowns specially set apart for this department, and a staff of skilled workmen, under the superintendent and practical direction of qualified Europeans, and are able efficiently to effect the repairs of Pianofortes, Harmoniums, Violins, or any kind of Musical Instrument, at a moderate cost.

Estimateare furnished and approved before repairs are commenced.

S. OSE and Co. beg to state that in connection with their Bombay and Calcutta firms they have been established n India, for a period of over twenty-five years, and their experience as to effect of the Indian climate on Musical Instruments justifies them in guaranteeing that repairs entrusted to their care, will have the best and most careful attention.

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OF EVERY DESCRIPTION ALWAYS IN STOCK.

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THE BOMBAY MUSICAL DEPOT,

S. ROSE and Co., 9, Rampart Row, Bombay.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THORPE & Co. have the pleasure to announce the arrival of the undernoted Specialities to which we would call particular attention.

	Rs.	a.
Ladies' White Doe Gauntlet Gloves...per pair	2	12
Ladies' Dog-skin Gauntlet Gloves ...per pair	2	12
Ladies' Light Fancy Kid Gloves, 2 buttons, „	2	12
Gentlemen's White Kid Gloves per pair Rs. 2 &	2	8
Gentlemen's Dog-skin	2	12
Gentlemen's Dog-skin, capped for driving	3	8
Gentlemen's Stout Calf, Lined, very warm	4	0
Gentlemen's White Doe Military G

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AND

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FOR

1881.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, JAN. 13, 1881.

THE London money market yesterday was apparently unaltered, but Consols were ⅛ higher at 98⅝ and French Rentes ⅛ higher at 120½. For Enfaced Rupee Paper quotations are unchanged at 81 for Fours and 88½ for Fours-and-a-half. The 3½ per cent. Sterling Loan, however, is ¼ lower at 103½.

Seeds and Wheat are unchanged, and Cocoanut-oil is as last quoted, but M. P Ceylon Coffee is again 1s. 6d. per cwt. lower. Metals, as given by Reuter, show no movement.

Piece-goods in Manchester continue quiet but steady ; while the Liverpool Cotton market comes quiet, sales 8,000 bales, of which 800 were Surats. The only change in spot prices is a decline of 1-16d. in American, and futures are 1-32d. lower for distant and 1-16d. lower for near shipment. Surat, to arrive, Reuter does not mention in any way, but private telegrams still report sale impracticable with nominal quotations 1-16d. lower. From New York ready Mid.-Uplands are still called 12⅜ and Futures, but April shipment has declined from 12·34 to 12·20 cents. per lb. As the receipts at the ports continue comparatively moderate, it is only reasonable to infer that this continuous decline signifies expectations of comparatively full figures later on. The receipts to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons :—

	1881.	1880.	1879.
Wednesday's receipts..	20,000	19,000	16,000
Five days' do.	82,000	82,000	76,000
Total since 1st Sept.....	3,636,000	3,111,000	2,901,000

At the weekly biddings for Council drafts on India in London yesterday, of the 40 lacs offered Rs. 90,000 went to Calcutta, Rs. 1,90,000 to Madras, and Rs. 27,20,000 to Bombay at an average of 1s. 7¾d., tenders at that rate receiving 45½ per cent. of the amounts applied for. As compared with last week, this shows a fall of 3-16d. per rupee, but it is fully what was expected here. Bar Silver Reuter now gives as 51d. per oz., which is the same as reported by private advices a day previously, and cannot, therefore, be taken as showing any change. At the quotation, however, our own correspondent calls the market weak.

Exchange this morning opened firm, and for a time the banks tried to establish an advance of 1-32d. At this, however, it was soon apparent that there were more buyers than sellers, and in the course of the morning rates receded to yesterday's closing level. In the afternoon the banks were still more willing buyers, and at the close would take all January delivery at the same rates as ready bills, and for April-May 3 months' credits at 1s. 7 13-16d. On the whole the position is still in favour of a decline, and the majority of people seem now to be of opinion that there is little hope of a recovery throughout the season. Closing quotations are :—

Bank Bills on demand.....	1s. 7 7-16d.	per Rs.
Credits, 3	1s. 7 11-16d.	..
Documents, 3	1s. 7 23-32d.	..
Francs, 3	3f.08c.	..

On Calcutta we still quote demand drafts at 1-16 per cent. premium ; 60 days' sight nominal, no sellers.

Government Paper is quiet at unaltered values, with few buyers : Fours we call Rs. 100½, Fours-and-a-half Rs. 108⅝ to Rs. 109.

The Share market, although quiet, is a trifle steadier. Bank of Bombays are ½ per cent. higher at Rs. 737½. Colaba Land shares are Rs. 5, Port Cannings Rs. 2½ higher. In Press Companies Mofussils are quoted Rs. 12½ higher. Spinning and Weaving Mill shares are steadier all round, and in some cases Rs. 5 higher.

Cotton.—The Liverpool and New York telegrams have been interpreted here to-day as indicative of great weakness, and there has consequently been considerable pressure on the part of sellers to effect sales. Broach has perhaps been the only exception, Rs. 239 being still the quoted figure, but Hingunghat has been sold at Rs. 3, and Omras of all grades at Rs. 2 to Rs. 4 per candy lower. Arrivals in the Omra districts are now heavy, and of this growth at least there is now no doubt the yield will be large. We quote :—

Good Hingunghaut, January	Rs.	233	per candy.
Omra ..	..	220	..
F. G. F. ..	..	211	..
G. F. ..	..	203	..
Good Broach, March ..	..	230	..
.. Dhollera, April	..	217	..

Seeds and Wheat are firm, but unchanged as regards price.

In Freights a considerable business has been done to-day. For Liverpool the ready rate is now 37s. 6d. to 38s. 9d., but February shipment is still to be had at 35s. The s. s. Hurwarth has been fixed for Trieste and Venice, immediate loading, booking 8,000 bales at 46s. 3d. The s.s. Wm. Symington has been fixed, to arrive, for Marseilles at 43s. 9d., with concessions and commission. The Bedford (s.s.) has been taken off the Trieste and Venice berth and transferred to Marseilles at 43s. 9d., and in place of her the Calvilla has been put on for Venice and Trieste at 45s.

Piece-goods show no appreciable change. The demand from the bazaar shows no improvement in extent, but sellers are very firm, and decline to submit to any reduction in rates. Yarns continue very firm but no higher.

Coals may be called quiet at previous rates.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Am't.	Paid up.	Last Dividend	Cash Rates.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	5 p. ct.	737½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	8 do.	720
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	8 do.	635
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	100,000	10	all	3 do.	134
Chartd Bank I. & C....	40,000	20	all	6 do.	275
Chartd Mercantile	30,000	25	all	6 do.	280
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank	40,000	281	all	8 do.	400
National Bank of India	37,320	25	12½	5 do.	168
Oriental Bank	60,000	25	all	5 do.	280

LAND COMPANIES.

Freee Land	7,500	150	150	100	
Mazagon Land, &c.....	1,750	2,000	2,000	..	352xd
New Colaba Co.	4,000	3,000	2,925	30	875
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,400	1,400	10	215

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	1,000	90	990
Albert Mill.....	400	2,000	1,700	..	1,140
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	30,000	100	100		105
Alfred Manufacturing Company	2,000	500	500	22½ p.s.	565
Alliance Spinning....	600	2,000	1,600	100 p.s.	2,325
Bhownuggur Mills ..	300	2,000	2,000	100	560
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	30	1,040
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	40 p. s.	775
Cooria Mills	800	1,000	1,000	20	920
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	80	940
Empress S. & W. Co..	1,500	500	all	25 p. s.	575
Golam Baba Spinning Company	1,000	500	400	20	540
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	60 p. s.	1,125
Hydrabad Spinning Company	700	1,000	1,000	..	775
Jaffer Ali Spinning Company	600	500	500	50	675
Jewraz Bhalloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	45 p. s.	1,175
Khandelá	750	1,000	1,000	30	1,035
Khatao Mackunjee ..	1,000	1,000	1,000	45 p. s.	965
Madras	300	1,250	1,250	75	570
Madras United	330	1,000	1,000	80 p. s.	1,300
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	50	1,370
Mazagon Spinning Co.	2,000	500	500	35	225
Morarjee Goculdas ..	1,050	1,000	1,000	60	1,215
National Spinning ...	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,070
New Great Eastern ..	1,100	1,000	1,000	40 p. s.	1,155
Oriental	4,000	625	625	25	770
Prince of Wales Spinning Company..	1,500	500	500	..	380
Sassoon S. & W. Co..	1,500	1,000	1,000	40	1,060
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	40	1,060
Soondercas	750	1,000	1,000	75	1,025
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	40	875
Western India S. & M. Company.....	1,200	1,000	500	..	610

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20	218-3-0	5 p. ct	310
Do. New £20 shares.	..	£20	130-14-6	do	26
Ditto	..	£20	65-7-3	do	72
Ditto	..	£20	21-13-1	do	32
B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do	1,000
Do. New £15 Shares.	..	£15	196-5-15	do	265

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer August, 1,023 tons, Captain G. Bjerk, will sail to-day for Akyab in ballast.

The barque Royal Alexandria, 1,332 tons, Captain J. J. Coles, will sail to-day for Sandheads in ballast.

The brig Futhe Sultan, 310 tons, Nacoda, arrived in harbour on the 12th inst. from Malliporam (23rd Dec.) with a general cargo.

The steamer Enchantress, 1,056 tons, Captain J. Cook, sailed yesterday for Genoa and Marseilles with a general cargo.

The steamer Mathew Curie, 1,237 tons, Captain O. R. Young arrived in harbour yesterday from Kurrachee (11th Jan.) with a general cargo for London and 24 deck passengers for Bombay.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Abyssinia, 713 tons, Captain A. Russell, sailed yesterday for Zanzibar and Aden, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Lieut. S. G. Crosse, Mr. Grisley, and 10 deck.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Malda, 1,268 tons, Captain G. N. Brown, sailed yesterday for Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Rev. F. Penavenda, Mr. Louden, Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart., and two friends, Mr. N. Jewanjee, and 17 deck.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
12	Fathe Sultan	Nacoda	Malliporam, Dec. 23.
13	I. G. S. Dalhousie.	Powell	Kurrachee, Jan. 10.
	Mathew Curie(s)..	Young	Kurrachee, Jan. 11.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
13	Peggie Day	Dawson	Mauritius.
	Enchantress(s)...	Cook	Marseilles.
	Abyssinia (s).....	Russell.....	Zanzibar.
	Malda (s).....	Brown	Calcutta.

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday :—
Steamer August, Bjerk, to Akyab.
Barque Royal Alexandria, Coles, to Sandheads.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.			
9	Legislator (s).....	Burley	Liverpool, Dec. 4.
	Parnass	Latyens	Liverpool, Sept. 17.
	Newcastle	Hoffenden ...	Demerara, Aug. 23.

DEPARTURES.

Jan. 9.—Steamers Arabia, Madras and Shahjehan. Ship Brodick Castle. Barque Fazel Curreem and a ship (numbers undistinguishable).

MADRAS.

Jan. ARRIVAL.
11 Assam(s)..... ..... London.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JANUARY 13.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Rydal Hall (s)—100 kegs iron rose nails, Sir Charles Forbes and Co ; 305 bundles sheet iron, Ramchunder Mahadew and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Peshawar (s)—200 cases candles, Eduljee Pallanjee Bottlewalla.
Khiva (s)—11 cases green dye, Geo. Lockhart and Co.
George Skalfield (s)—200 casks Portland cement, Joseph Soares.
Perim (s)—1 hogshead whiskey, Cutler, Palmer and Co ; 6 cases champagne, 6 cases moselle, and 3 cases burgandy, Bomanjee Manuckjee Punthekey ; 300boxes tinned plates, Allybhoy Varsibhoy ; 25 cases foulscap papers Sigg-Sulzer and Co ; 13 bales printing paper, the, "Times of India."

DAILY EXPORTS.—JANUARY 13.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Rydal Hall (s)—2,033 cwts cotton seed, Dhunjeeshaw Munchergee ; 1,892 cwts cotton seed, Sheriadjee Hormusjee ; 75 bales wool, Motee Jetha ; 185 bales cotton, Wallace and Co ; 200 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 100 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co ; 200 bales cotton, Thos. H. Moore and Co ; 150 bales cotton, Gopali Mular ; 36 bales wool, Pelly and Co ; 69 bales cotton, Nuthoo Luckumchund ; 38 bales cotton, Cooverjee Lillladhur.
Linhope (s)—300 cwts wheat, Khuttow Veerjee ; 1,650 cwts wheat, Nensee Corsee ; 19 bales hides, Khan Mahamed Nensey ; 203 bales cotton, Govindrum Dawarkadass ; 100 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co ; 52 bales cotton, Luckamsee Rowjee ; 95 bales cotton, Peraj Dayall ; 1,600 cwts wheat, Veerjee Hunsraj ; 800 cwts wheat, Lalljee Poonsee and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Abyssinia (s)—8 bundles ivory, M. Mackenzie and Co.
Australia (s)—157½ cwts myrabolams, Jetta Purshotum ; 375 cwts myrabolams, Govindass Jettance ; 70 boxes aloes socotra, Jan Mahamed Rahimtoola ; 64 cwts horns, Laduckbhoy Dattoo ; 481 cwts horns, Peerbhoy Damjee.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Louise H. (s)—800 cwts wheat, John Campbell and Co ; 428 cwts gingellyseed, Rall Brothers ; 300 cwts ground nuts, 150 cwts mustard seed and 60 cwts gingellyseed, Ritchie Stenart and Co.
Enchantress (s)—961 cwts mowra-flowers, Dinshaw Dadabhoy ; 150 cwts gingellyseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

Louise H. (s)—200 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Teheran (s)—100 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR VENICE.

Teheran (s)—50 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR SUEZ.

Teheran (s)—10 cwts coffee, Mahomed Saduck Nemajee.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

Khiva (s)—2 bales carpets, Dossabhoy Merwanjee and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Khiva (s)—22 cwts oilcannon, Bondalle Khanji...150 bales Gubbay and Co ; 20 bales twist, Framjee Hormusjee ; 11 bales twist, Hajee Adom Esmail and Co ; 35 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co ; 208 chests opium, E. D. Sassoon and Co ; 32½ chests opium, Hajee Abdoola Noor Mahomed ; 11 chests opium, M. S. Gubbay and Co ; 33 chests opium, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co ; 22 chests opium, Hajee Adom Esmail and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Khiva (s)—27 chests opium, D. A braham Ezra and Co ; 17½ chests opium, E. D. Sassoon & Co., 11 chests opium, Joovarimull ; Savermull ; 11 chests opium, Jesraj Chetram ; 29 chests opium, M. S. Gubbay and Co.

HIGH COURT.—JANUARY 14.

(Before the Hon Sir CHARLES SARGENT.)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

310-80—C Tyabjee—Sena Vuckta and others vs Shaik Mahomed H. Shaik Bebunbhoy—J C Cama. Part heard.
124-80—Jefferson B and D—Vussonjee Jewraj vs Mowjee Soondercjee—Hore C and B—Part heard.
361-80—Craigie, L and O—Panbai and another vs Cana Dewa and others—H Bicknell.
396-80—Balkrishna and B—Cangandal Rajana Hanmantoo and another vs Panda Abboo Saiboo—Janardhen Dwell.
386-78—Jefferson B and D—Canjee Roopjee vs Tarachund Pragjee and others—Ardeshir and H.
331-80—Macfarlane and G—Joosub Hajee Ahmed vs Shreeram Mota.
202-80—Macfarlane and G—Hajeebhoy Lalljee and others vs Laduck Dattoo.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

229-80—R Skipsey—Gumputrao Gorojee vs A. D. Jackson and another—H. Bicknell—Part heard.
624-79—H Bicknell—Mirza Sabutally Vullud, &c. vs Pandoorung Ramchundra—Janardhen and H.
313-80—Muljee and B—Byramjee Bomanjee vs Shrirung Raghoonath—Jefferson, B and D.
316-80—Prescot and W. J. T. Bell and others vs Dhurrumsey Poonjabhoy—Ardesir and H.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice WEST.)
For Judgment.

519-79—Chalk and W—Gopalrao Mulhar vs The G I P R Co.—Hearn, C and L.

For Consent Decree.

312-80—A F Turner—Haroon Yacoob Hajee Abdoola vs Hajee Joosub Haiee Abdoola and others—Hore, C and B.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Cause.

150-80—Shapurjee and T—Burjorjee Cursetjee Panthaky vs Muncherjee Coovarjee—H W Payne.—Part heard.

Short Causes.

456-80—Smith and F—Luckumsey Govindjee and others, vs Hurpal Canjee and others—Shapurjee and T. Part heard.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 12.

Taylor, Major, Staff Corps, on leave, from Madras.
Lyons, Surg. Major, on leave, from Poona.

JANUARY 13.

James, Capt., 2nd Sind Horse, on sick leave, from Kandahar
Pulsford, Quarter-master, 2nd Queens, on sick leave, from Bareilly.
Lyle, Surg., on duty, from Kandahar.
Young, Bt. Lieut. Col., 1-24th Regt., on sick leave, from Nowshera.
Gordon, Capt., 2-14th Regt., on sick leave, from Nowshera.
Rickards, 2nd Lieut., on leave, from Mooltan.
Justice, Lieut.-Col., 6th Infantry H. C., on leave, from Aurungabad.
North, Surg., on duty, from Kurrachee.
Yonge, Lieut.-Col., 3rd Bombay N. I., on medicial certificate, from Hydrabad Sind.
Burnby, Capt., 6th Dragoon Guards, on leave, from Umballa.
Heaviside, Capt., R. E., on duty, from Deesa.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 12.

Beaford, Major, R. E., from leave, to Poona.

JANUARY 13.

Wynett-Mayaw, 2nd Lieut., 81st Regt., to join, to Ferozepore.
Crosse, Lieut., 12th Royal Lancers, on leave, to England.

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By LIEUT.-COL. COMMANDANT W. S. HEWETT.

Bombay, 13th January, 1881.

1. Captain W. M. Tennent is (subject to confirmation) appointed to act as Adjutant to the Bombay Volunteers on the departure of Captain Stokes to join the 23rd Regt., and until the arrival of Lieutenant and Adjutant Proudfoot from Kandahar. Captain Tennent will take over charge of the duties from Captain Stokes in the course of to-morrow (14th January).

2. The Commandant cannot permit Captain Stokes to relinquish the duties without tendering him his sincere thanks for the very efficient manner in which he has performed the duties of Adjutant during the nearly two years he (Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant Hewett) has commanded the Corps, and for the able assistance he has at all times afforded him. The Commandant, having already, in a letter addressed to the Military Secretary, brought the excellant services of Captain Stokes officer to the notice of Government, will do no more now than bid him a hearty farewell, and health and prosperity in his future career through life.

W. S. HEWETT,
Lieut.-Col., Comdt., Comdg. B. V. R. C.

3. The Regiment will parade on Saturday, the 15th instant, at 4-45 p. m., at the Town Hall. Red uniform, arms, and accoutrements to be worn at this parade. All members are requested to attend. Captains of Companies are desired to do their utmost to ensure a good attendance.

By Order, F. STOKES,
Capt. and Adjt., B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(Bombay Government Gazette, Jan. 13.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Asst. Comsy. (Honorary Lieut.) John Bingham, Ordnance Dept., is allowed furlough in India for six months on medical certificate.

The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the 1st Jan :—

2nd Regiment N. I.—Jamadars Abraham Samuel and Davee Ahir to be Subedars, and Havaldars Cornelius Ramsay and Atmaram Nalowday to be Jamadars, vice Hurjee Moray and Dewjee Scinday, pensioned.

The following Native promotion is made, with effect from the 16th Sept. :—

Sappers and Miners.—Color Havaldar Rajunah Sewoo to be Jamadar, vice Mullo, deceased.

The following Native promotion is made with effect from the 10th Dec. :—

1st Bombay Lancers.—Dafedar Luximon Sinday to be Jamadar, vice Nund Lall, pensioned.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. L. G. Fernandez, Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judge, is deputed to assist the Subordinate Judge at Mahad in the Thana Dist., until further orders.

Rao Saheb Dinanath Atmaram Dalvi, Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judge, is deputed to assist the First Class Subordinate Judge of Ahmednagar, until further orders.

Azam Venkatesh Govind, substantive pro tem. Head Karkun of the Ron Taluka in the Dist. of Dharwar, is appointed to be a Magte. of the Third Class in the Dist. of Dharwar.

H. E. the Govr. in Council is pleased to appoint Azam Paigounda bin Babgounda of the village of Samdoli to be a Conciliator under the Dekkhan Agriculturists Relief Act, 1879, for the Tasgaon Taluka of the Satara Dist.

Rao Saheb Rango Ramchandra, Mamlatdar of Taluka Bhimthadi in the Dist. of Poona, is appointed to be a Magte. of the Second Class in the Dist. of Poona.

Rao Saheb Bhimaji Venkatesh, Acting Mamlatdar of Taluka Indi in the Dist. of Kaladgi, is appointed to be a Magte. of the Second Class in the Dist. of Kaladgi.

Mr. Anaji Bhondeo has been appointed to act as Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Rahuri in the Ahmednagar Dist. during the absence of Mr. Balkrishna Krishnaji on leave, or until further orders.

Mr. Balaji Ganesh Chitle has been appointed to act as Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Rahimatpur in the Satara Dist. during the absence of Mr. Bhikaji Raghunath on leave, or until further orders.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgn. W. K. Hatch, M. B., is appointed to act as Professor of Pathology in the Grant Medical College till further orders.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. M. D. Mackenzie, Actg. Supernumerary Depty. Collr. in Sind, passed the Deptl. Examination according to the Higher Standard on the 2nd Nov. 1880, and Mr. C. S. Pechel, Acting Supernumerary Depty. Collr. in the same province, passed according to the Lower Standard on the 27th idem.

The Office of Supdt., Gujarat Revenue Survey, having been abolished from 1st Nov. 1880, H. E. the Govr. in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. N. B. Beyts as Depy. Supdt. of that Survey, with effect from that date.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Surg.-Major W. Nolan, M.D., is appointed to act as Civil Surg. at Broach in place of Surg C. C. Vaid until further orders.

The services of Surg. C. C. Vaid are replaced at the disposal of the Military Dept.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Major W. J. Engledue, R.E., is appointed to officiate as Deputy Consulting Engr. for Railways, Bombay, during the absence of Lieut. H. Pilkington, R.E., or until further orders.

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES ORDERS.

(North-Western Provinces Gazette.)

The Rev. W. A. Hamilton, whose services have been placed at the disposal of this Govt. by the Govt. of Bengal, to be Chaplain of Jhansi, from 1st Dec. 1880.

Surg.-Maj. H. S. Smith, M.B., Civil Surg., 1st Class, who has returned from furlough, to the medical charge of Allahabad.

Surg.-Maj. J. H. Lamb, M.D., Civil Surg., 2nd Class, from Allahabad to Bareilly.

Surg. R. C. Sanders, Civil Surg. 2nd Class, from Bareilly to Hardoi, as a temporary arrangement.

Messrs. A. F. Broun and F. B. Bryant, Asst. Conservs., who reported their arrival at Bombay on 28th Dec. 1880, posted to the School Circle.

Mr. O. Greg, Asst. Consvr., 2nd Grade, promoted to Asst. Consvr., 1st Grade, from 5th Nov. 1880.

Mr. L. M. Thornton, C. S., who has been attached to the N. W. P. and Oudh, to be invested with the powers of a Magte. of the 3rd Class, as described in Sec 20 of the Criminal Procedure Code (Act X of 1872).

Mr. L. M. Thornton, C. S., who has been attached to the N. W. P. and Oudh, to be Asst. Collr., of the 2nd Class, under Sec. 13 of Act XIX 1873.

Mr. L. M. Thornton, C. S., Asst. Magte. and Collr., to the Bareilly Dist.

SURGEON DENTIST,

DR. C. F. KHORY

(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873.)

No. 23, RAMPART ROW,

Opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office

NOTICE.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

PETLEY—January 12th, at Bombay, the wife of Lieut. E. W. Petley, R. N., Marine Survey, of a daughter.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JANUARY 14, 1881.

The execution of Khan Agha, with his son Sirdar Khali Khan, his Major, and Hoosein Ali Khan, and two others at Herat by Ayoub, reported a day or two ago by the Press Commissioner, is an event of considerable importance in Afghan politics. Khan Agha was Ayoub's father-in-law, and also stood in the same relation to Yakoob Khan, the ex-Ameer himself, his two daughters having married the two brothers. During the British occupation of Kabul he was known to be strongly in favour of the claims of his son-in-law Yakoob, and as such was regarded with some suspicion by the British, authorities, although he abstained from any act of overt hostility. When Abdul Rahman was raised to the musnud he felt that he was no longer safe in Kabul, and he left the city with the British force. He accompanied General Roberts on the march to Kandahar, and used his influence to procure provisions and to induce the tribes on the way not to oppose the force. His idea was to arrange matters, if possible, between Ayoub and the British so as to save something from the general wreck for Shere Ali's branch of the family. This at least was what was understood on our side, though his intentions appear to have been misconstrued by Ayoub and the nationalist party of which he was the head. After the battle of Kandahar he was presented with a considerable sum of money by the British authorities, and despatched to Herat to work upon Ayoub, if possible, in a sense favourable to the re-establishment of peace, and if that proved impracticable, to use his own influence in other quarters, which was known to be very considerable by virtue of his relationship with the royal family, to bring about an accommodation. When it became known at Herat that the unlucky Sirdar and his party were on their way, Ayoub immediately issued orders for his arrest. His son Sirdar Khali Khan and another relative were in Herat at the time, and fled, but were speedily captured. Hearing this, Khan Agha put himself at the head of his own tribe, and endeavoured to make head against Ayoub, but was defeated and taken prisoner. The result we now learn : Khan Agha was hung up in the Charsu, and the bodies of the others " at the four gates of the city, for everyone to see."

In their proposals regarding administrative changes the Famine Commisson have recommended the supersession of incapable officers and enforced retirement,—proposals which will certainly be received with anything but satisfaction by a portion of the Civil Service. The present system is that of promotion by seniority, until the officers reach the position of collector or that of judge. Above these, for the offices of judge of the high court, of commissioner of divisions or secretary to Government, " no one is appointed to them who is not considered to have shown proof of more than usual ability. We are of opinion that the principle of selection should be more completely adopted also in the appointment of the chief district administrative officers and judges. These posts involve, in the one case, executive authority over a large tract of country and a large number of departments ; in the other case, supervision and control over many subordinate courts, to which is entrusted the decision of suits which involve the interests of all branches of society." In order to give effect to this the Commissioners recommend that "when in the order of seniority officers become eligible for appointment to the post of collector or judge, there should be no hesitation about passing over those persons who have not given distinct evidence that they are fit for such office. An officer who has been passed over during a period of three years, or on more than two or three occasions, should be considered no longer eligible for promotion." The change here suggested is a most radical one. In principle, probably, no objection could be taken to it. If our governors were always men who looked strictly to merit, and allowed no prejudice on the one hand, and no partiality on the other, to influence them ; if our members of council were always independent men who would protect their juniors in the service from the errors of judgment or of character which a governor, though able and honest, is often liable to, then the rule might be admitted without objection. But we have only to go back a year or two, under the *régime* of one who was deservedly popular for his indomitable energy and for the great interest he took in all subjects which concerned the public interest, to find instances when grave wrong was done to able men who merely exercised their right of expressing their opinion as to what was best for the people they ruled over. Again, " blood is thicker than water," and a family connection often leads a chief ruler to pass over more competent men in order to oblige a relative. Again, a pretty or an agreeable wife is often of better service to a man than any amount of ability could be. Such a wife, with the usual amount of womanly tact, would exert an influence in her husband's behalf that no amount of stupidity would outweigh. The men are rare, whether governors or members of council, who can withstand influence of this nature. It seems to us doubtful if at times great injustice would not be done, especially in the present scarcity of clever women ! The Commission, it is true, provide for an appeal from the local Government : " but the head of the local Government should be bound to record his reasons for such supersession in writing, and an appeal would lie from such an order to the Supreme Government." Here, again, family or other influences would come to work, for the burden of proof would rest with the superseded officer, who would find it hard work to counteract the weight which a decision of a governor in council must carry in such a matter.

retirement. " When an officer has reached the post of collector or district judge it should be in the power of the local Government, if it is not satisfied with the manner in which he discharges the functions of his office, to record a resolution to the effect that he is considered ineligible for the post of commissioner or high court judge ; and if that resolution is not withdrawn, and is upheld on appeal by the Supreme Government, it should be in the power of Government to compel him to retire from the service on the lapse of five years from his first appointment to the office he holds, on a full or proportionate pension." The Commission then go on to recommend graduated pensions. " We recommend that the present pension rules should be altered, and that officers in both branches of the Civil Service should receive pensions graduated for each year of their service. This could easily be arranged without throwing any extra charge on the State, and without being unfair to the officers themselves." Thus graduation of pensions would, of course, be a necessary consequence of the enforced retirement, as otherwise a grave injustice would be done to an officer compelled to retire before his full pension had been earned, in consequence of want of natural ability, or the failure to secure a clever wife for himself, or the tact to make himself particularly agreeable to the wife of a governor or of a member of council. We admit that it is unfortunate when Government is compelled to retain the services of a man in a high office when his unfitness for any such position is beyond doubt, but we are not sure that this risk, which the past history of the service shows to be slight, should not be undergone rather than incur the risks of the great hardships which might follow the adoption of the recommendation of the Famine Commission, owing to the frailties of human nature and the influences, other than a simple recognition or non-recognition of ability, which often bears great weight even with those highest in office.

The same chapter in the report treats of the functions of collectors and sub-divisional officers ; it deprecates the attention on the part of the collector to the details of the magisterial, police, revenue, or fiscal business, urging that while he should keep a strict supervision, the details should be left to his assistants and through them, as far as possible, to the native officials of the various sub-divisions. " We have no doubt that the right education for assistant collectors is to entrust them with independent charge of all the public business of a small area, subject to the collector's guidance and control, and that this system is best calculated to secure honest and thorough administration by the sub-divisional and village officials." As to tours of inspection, the Commission recommend the adoption in all the provinces of the rules prevailing in the Bombay presidency, where the collector is bound to spend four months in every year in travelling, and to visit every taluka and every mamlatdar's office annually ; the assistant collectors to spend seven months of every year under canvas. With regard to the subordinate native service, the general principles recommended are : " *Primâ facie* no one should be admitted to the subordinate native service who has not a certificate of having passed an examination to be held annually by the officers of the Government Educational Department in the subjects taught in the Government school course. The nature of the examination should be regulated according to the character of the office to be filled. The name of those who, being accepted as physically, morally, and socially qualified, pass the examination test should be arranged in a local or departmental list in order of merit, and the collector or other officer in whose hands the appointment to any vacancy may lie should be allowed to select from this list ; and only in case of their being no passed candidates should othe s be accepted. And then follow details as to promotion and the filling of the higher offices. The Commission recognise the general form of administration of the country as the result of a gradual development of a system which has been moulded to the ancient institutions ; they think that no fundamental changes are needed, but as famine tends to " strain the whole official machine," there is a great necessity for high capacity in the higher offices. It is on this account that the recommendations referred to above are made, in order to secure proved capacity as the sole qualification for high office. Could this be carried out, could personal or family influence be removed, we doubt if anyone would call in question the soundness of the Commission's recommendation. But will real merit always be recognised ?

Hy

TELEGRAMS.

SUSPENSION OF A NATIVE POLITICAL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 13.

Government has suspended Mahomed Hyat Khan, C. S. I., from all official duties. No reason has been publicly assigned, but there is no doubt it is in connection with the charges of misconduct made against him while working with General Roberts at Kabul.

BILLIARDS—A GRAND BREAK.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 13.

The greatest break ever made in India was scored at the Dalhousie Institute, Calcutta, last night, in a game of 750 up between Roberts and Cook. Roberts won the game by 426, running out with an unfinished break of 522, including 147 spots.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

A SQUADRON ORDERED TO THE CAPE.

LONDON, JAN. 12.

A detached British squadron has been ordered to the Cape.

GREECE AND THE POWERS.

An agreement has been arrived at among the Great Powers to make a collective representation at Athens, urging upon the Greek Government the acceptance of arbitration in settlement of the frontier question.

THE TRANSVAAL WAR.

LONDON, JAN. 13.

Latest advices from Natal state that the Boers have occupied the town of Christiana.

SIR GEORGE COLLEY.

Sir George Pomeroy Colley has arrived at Newcastle.

MR. GLADSTONE.

Mr. Gladstone is at present indisposed from the effects of a severe cold.

THE WEATHER.

Heavy snows have fallen throughout the country.

THE ANTI-JEWISH AGITATION IN GERMANY.

BERLIN, JAN. 12.

A large meeting of the electors of Berlin was held to-day, at which energetic protestations were made against the anti-Jewish agitation now going on in Germany.

THE INCOMING MAIL.

ADEN, JAN. 13.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s. s. Surat, with the outward English mails of the 31st December, left here for Bombay at 10 o'clock last night, and the s. s. Indus, for Galle and Calcutta, at 12 noon yesterday.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ADEN, JAN. 12.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Oakdale, outward bound for the Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, left here to-day.

PORT SAID, JAN. 12.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Manora, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this morning.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Patna, outward bound for the Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, left this afternoon.

LONDON, JAN. 12.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet. Surats unchanged.

The London Cotton Market has been dull.

Fair Dhollera	5 3-16d.

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

4 per cent. Rupee Paper	81
4½ do. do.	88½
3½ per cent, Sterling Loan	103½
3 per cent. Consols for account	98⅞
do. French Rente, 5 72 cash	109¼
Bar Silver	51d.

The sum of about £100,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

Departure—Sunbeam.

THE Commander-in-Chief is expected at Belgaum to-day from Dharwar. The Quarter-Master-General, Colonel Pottinger, is there, staying with Major Trueman. Captain Stopford, Assistant Quarter-Master-General at Poona, has gone to Vingorla to superintend the embarkation of the 83rd (588 rank and file and 19 officers) for the Cape. The 89th should be at Belgaum to-day. The Commander-in-Chief's party, we hear, have shot two tigers.

THE 29th Bombay N. I. and the 18th N. I. are to be relieved by two Bengal native infantry regiments at Kandahar. The 29th goes to Kurrachee and Hyderabad, and relieves the 19th Regiment N. I., which (the 19th) goes to Malegaum. The 18th N. I. goes back to Poona, where the depôt of the regiment is.

THE weather and crops report of the Bombay Presidency for the week ended the 6th instant states that prospects are good. Prices are steady, with a downward tendency. There has been some damage caused by blight in Sholapur and Dharwar.

MRS. ADAM, wife of His Excellency the Governor of Madras, arrived there on Monday by the P. and O. steamer Assam.

THERE is a flutter here among the medicos, writes the *Pioneer's* Bombay correspondent, on account of seven brigade surgeoncies which fall to their lot in this presidency. There are some estimable old gentlemen, regular mistakes, who have been passed over before, and, their wives notwithstanding, will certainly be again, for seniority is not likely to be reverted to in a department governed by a selected chief and deputies. They say there are some improved pensions in store for them, so if any cannot swallow the supersession pill, they can eat their pension ball.

LARGE powers will be given to the Chief Commissioner of British Burma by the Burma Forest Bill, if it becomes law. By Chapter V. the Chief Commissioner may levy a duty, in such places and at such rates as he may from time to time prescribe by notification in the local *Gazette*, on all timber which is brought into British Burma from any place beyond the frontier. Timber, according to the Bill, includes trees when they have fallen or have been felled, and all wood, whether cut up or fashioned, or hollowed out for any purpose or not.

NOT having been able to get its favourite Sir Garnet, the *Pioneer* is fain to make the best of Sir Donald, after its usual fashion of paying court to the powers that be. "The selection, we venture to say, will be universally popular in this country, where Sir Donald's claims to the command have long been recognised. As Military Member of Council, he has already begun to move in the question of the defences of Calcutta and the other great Indian ports, and when he takes over the army from Sir Frederick Haines he will probably turn his attention to questions connected with its direct reform."

MADRAS has produced an opposition prognostication to that of Mother Shipton for the year 1881. According to the *Takwim-i-anjim*, a Mahomedan almanac published in Madras, the year is to be a very prosperous one. It is prognosticated that rain will be abundant, that the second crops will be good, and that cows will yield a plentiful supply of milk. Rulers will be angry with each other, and there will be much quarrelling amongst them; but as the people of the earth are to enjoy rest, it would seem that the quarrels of the kings will be one of words only. A kind of forecast is made of the proportion which various events and things will have to each other during this year of the world's history. Cold will be to heat as 11 to 15; deaths to births as 15 to 9; rewards to punishment as 17 to 11; sickness to health as 18 to 3; love and enmity are equal; truthful swearing to perjury as 5 to 7; justice to injustice as 17 to 17; desire of knowledge to ignorance as 3 to 17; the baser qualities, such as extravagance, boasting, quarrelling, will be excessive in their manifestation. All kinds of grain fool are to be cheap.

THE success of a steam laundry at Singapore, the Bombay correspondent of the *Pioneer* thinks, should certainly go to show that these might, with advantage to all except the *dhobie*, be introduced into India. "At home they have answered well, I believe, when properly placed and managed, and surely they should pay if established in the principal towns in India. But I fancy it is like a great many other things, and, even if generally acknowledged, to have a good chance of being a success and little of being a failure, it would be a difficult thing to get up. We are all as ready here to throw our money at cotton or gold mines as people in Calcutta are, or were, to invest in tea or indigo, but a good, sensible scheme unconnected with either has little chance of success. Some man will probably turn up some day, as Mr. Pears has done with his steam bakery, and make a rattling good thing of a steam laundry; but he will have to bring his capital with him."

'ADVICES have been received, the Colombo *Times* says, of the disestablishment of the Church of England in Ceylon. Neither of the present vacancies at Colombo and Galle will be filled up by the Secretary of State, but all present incumbents will hold office until their retirement, when the congregations will proceed to make the appointments. Five years' salary will be conceded to the various chaplaincies from State funds.

THE Madras Government have passed an order concurring with the commendations of the Commander-in-Chief of the conduct of the officers and men engaged in the Rumpa affair—as it is expressed in the order, "in the most trying and uninteresting duty of hunting scattered insurgents in an exceedingly difficult and trying country, under all the disadvantages of climate and season, and much consequent sickness—" and have requested His Excellency to convey to the officers and men employed in Rumpa the expression of their approval. The Nizam's Government have also been thanked for the assistance afforded by their troops. Many of the officers, though actually suffering from fever, from high motives kept to the front till the last. His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief is satisfied with the manner in which Brigadier-General Buck conducted his duties as officer commanding the troops. He was well supported by the officers and men under his command.

THE *Celestial Empire*, of Shanghai, had it on good authority that the Chinese Government intended, in the event of war, immediately to lay down torpedoes at the entrances to all the Treaty Ports, and to stop all ships from coming in or going out, whether war vessels or traders.

THE *Madras Mail* wants to see a change made in the uniform of the British soldier in India, as a prelude to reform in the dress of the Madras sepoy. "Military uniform in India should possess the following characteristics:—It should be as simple as possible, the cloth of which it is made should be of a serviceable colour; the kit, so to speak, should be reduced to the narrowest limits compatible with efficiency; and regulations that provide half-a-dozen different costumes for officers should be reconstructed on far less elaborate principles. * * * A mistaken notion prevails with many that smartness is attained by showy colours, shining lace, and abundance of ornament. Now it seems to us that the word, in its purely military sense, is not unlike the well-known French term *chic* when used with reference to the costume and appearance of the fair sex, viz., a pleasing impression conveyed to the mind by excellence of cut, fit, taste, and harmony in dress, associated with the effective *tournure*, graceful carriage, and general good style of the wearer: an effect that is never achieved by brilliant colours, gay jewellery, feathers, and frippery, but, on the contrary, by the plainest dresses properly selected, carefully cut, finished, and well put on. In like manner, true smartness in a soldier's appearance is the result of well-cut and properly fitted clothes of workmanlike colour, the quieter the better; of perfect simplicity in equipments, with an obvious *raisond être* for each article worn; and of scrupulous cleanliness. If neatly built, well drilled, and taught to put his things on correctly, a man thus clad ought surely to defy criticism. Compare a Madras cavalry sepoy with a sowar of the Hyderabad Contingent; and place a native infantry soldier recently returned from the Khyber by the side of his brother equipped according to existing regulations. There will be no difficulty in selecting the smarter-looking man of the two in each case. Why, then, should there be any hesitation in deciding upon a complete change? We can only attribute it to the old doctrine that has never been rooted out in this presidency, viz., that the sepoy should be dressed up to resemble the British soldier. It would therefore appear that the first step towards change would be reform in the British equipment in India. If the scarlet coat and other incongruities were abolished, an appreciation of plain attire would follow, common sense would triumph over dogmas that have long exploded, and, in the end, the Madras sepoy would be sensibly clothed."

THE *Japan Herald* of the 7th December stated that a court-martial was to be held on the 17th idem in Hong Kong on certain of the executive officers of H. M. S. Iron Duke. The occasion of the trial is the stranding of the flag ship on the rocks of Yesso.

A CURE for the coffee-leaf disease, which has caused so much loss to Ceylon planters during the last few years has been discovered, it is said, by Mr. Schrottky, an agricultural chemist, formerly of Bombay and more recently of Calcutta. The *Ceylon Times* writes of the new cure:—"His process is to cause the absorption of a chemical into the sap of the tree by the cambium. The results of the experimental trials may be thus briefly stated. It is shown that treated in its earliest stage of what are known as pin-spots by the new process of inoculation, the first germs of the newly formed fungus may be destroyed, or at least their growth checked, as shown by the non-formation of the orange red dust or spores: consequently were it practicable to thus treat every tree on every estate on the island, we should have reason for believing that the fungus germs of the disease would cease to be propagated, and the pest would disappear. The cost of the treatment will eventually, we believe, not much exceed ten rupees an acre, and if the effect of this treatment should prove to be of a permanent character, this amount would not be considered disproportionate to the good to be effected."

SPEAKING of Mr. Bence Jones, the *Pall Mall Gazette* says:—Nobody who has read the account of his life's work in Ireland, which has just been published in a most interesting volume, can fail to respect the uprightness of his motives and the diligence with which he has done his best to make his tenants prosperous and happy in his own way. But some of his remarks to the correspondent of the *Standard* make it only too easy to understand how readily the public opinion of his neighbourhood turned against him. "Mr. Jones told me," says the correspondent, "that he was shortly about to give up farming on his own account, intending to turn the land into pasture and leave the country. 'And to appoint an agent to manage your property?' I suggested. 'Oh, no,' said Mr. Jones, 'I shall manage it myself, with the assistance of a sharp attorney.'" We need not go into other statements to a similar effect, such as that Mr. Jones promised a subscription of five hundred pounds towards the erection of a Protestant cathedral "provided that no Irish architect was employed." It is clear that this unfortunate gentleman, at any rate, is not well fitted to deal with "the materials out of which God has been pleased to form the inhabitants" of Ireland.

THE yearly report of the German African Association shows that their various explorers are doing good work. Major von Mechow is filling up one of the few complete blanks in the African map by tracing the course of the river Quango or Coengo—an important south affluent of the Congo. With his companions he reached it, on July 19 last, from Malange by the valley of its feeder, the Cambo, at a point some distance north of the furthest reached by the Portuguese explorers Ivens and Capello. The region traversed, lying inland to the east of the Portuguese possessions, Major von Mechow compares to the Thuringian Forest, only it has many deep valleys and a varied tropical flora. The Cambo resembles the Saale, while the Quango, at the mouth of the Cambo, he compares to the Elbe above Dresden. Just above the Cambo are some waterfalls, which, of course, will prevent navigation; but the Major intends to follow the Quango to its mouth in the Congo, and does not expect to meet with any obstruction. Further north Herr Flegel has been exploring the Niger in the missionary steamer Henry Venn. He writes from Egan, on that river, September 24, that he hopes soon to get as far up as Sokoto. This, with Buchner in the Bonny country, Hildebrandt in Madagascar, and an expedition in East Africa, is a very fair tale of work for one society in a year.

FETE AT THE BYCULLA SCHOOLS.

THE annual fête in connection with these schools was held last evening, and was very largely attended, among the visitors being many of the leading residents of Bombay. The large school-room was nicely decorated with flags and plants, and two stately Christmas-trees, laden with a variety of pretty things, lent additional attraction to the room. The trees were, however, soon denuded of the articles with which they were thickly covered. Lady Fergusson and Mrs. Gore-Jones kindly assisted in distributing the gifts among the girls, and Admiral Gore-Jones made a number of little boys happy by a similar proceeding. The band of H. E. the Governor was in attendance, and performed a selection of music in a pleasing manner. There was afterwards a capital display of fireworks in the grounds adjoining the schools. The arrangements were in the highest degree satisfactory, and Mr. Walters and those associated with him in the work are to be congratulated upon the success which attended the fête.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 12TH JANUARY, 1881.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·901
Temperature of the Air	77·3
Wet Bulb Thermometer	68·6
Dew Point	64·5
Relative humidity of Air	0·654
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded—8.)	0·2
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	84·9
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)	68·9
General Direction of Wind	NNW., N., NNE., E. ENE., WNW., NW., NNW., NNE.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	220.

From midnight to midnight.

TO THE CORPULENT.—Instead of regarding obesity as an abnormal condition, many people have erroneously considered it an evidence of health, and any agent that reduces fat is therefore at once suspected of being injurious. Starting to reason from the false position that fat is an evidence of health, it is not surprising that they should very naturally, fall into the error of supposing that an agent possessing properties capable of reducing corpulency would prove injurious to the health. Reasoning, however, from the rational basis, that an undue deposition of fat, constituting obesity, is not a healthy but a morbid condition, it is quite as natural for us to arrive at the opposite conclusion, which is sustained by experience and observation: *i. e.*, that the reduction of fat in cases of corpulency is invariably followed by an improvement of strength, spirits, and physical comforts. Allan's Anti-Fat will reduce a fat person from 2 to 5 pounds a week. Sold by chemists. ANTI-OBESITY MEDICINE CO., Proprietors, 493 Oxford Street, London, England. Agents for the Bombay Presidency, TREACHER AND CO.

THE EXTRAORDINARY CONSPIRACY AT KOHLAPUR.

FOURTH DAY, FRIDAY, JANUARY 7.

CROSS-EXAMINATION of Ganesh Rajaram Kalkarni, continued. (Statement before committing magistrate read and recorded, and marked exhibit No. 12.)—From the time I entered Rambhut's service until I was sent for by the police I was a resident in Rambhut's house. No one else lived there during that time. Of Rambhut's family I have seen his mother and his brother at his house. The mother came twice I think, and stayed four or five days. I think the brothers came once. I cannot say how many days it is since I last saw his mother. I cannot remember rightly, but I think I first saw her about a month or a month-and-a-half after I went to live with Rambhut. I cannot remember if Rambhut was present when his mother came. I do not think I stayed in the house while Rambhut's mother was there, but I cannot rightly remember. Rambhut did not live continuously in Kohlapur from the time I went to stay with him. He at times had occasion to go to different villages. He used to go to Kardaga, Chikurde, and Dessayi's Wadi. I think he went twice or thrice to the latter place. I know it was more than once. I cannot remember how often he went to Chikurde. He went there to perform certain ceremonies when his wife was pregnant. He went in April I think, but I know he returned on Ramnavami (19th April). He went again when his wife was confined. I cannot remember the date. I cannot remember how many times he went to Kardaga. I cannot remember how long after I went into his service he went there. He went to Kardaga on business connected with a quarrel of his sisters. I don't remember hearing him say that he was going to fetch his mother. I may have asked Rambhut's mother if Rambhut had gone to Kardaga to fetch her. Rambhut went to Kardaga for the purpose of the illness of his maternal uncle. Rambhut used to keep his grain in the upper storey of his house. There is a door to the upper storey, which is a room, and not an open verandah. Rambhut used not to lock up this upper-storeyed room when he went on visits away from Kolhapur. The upper storey used sometimes to be locked, and sometimes to be open during the time I lived with Rambhut. I may or may not have opened the lock with another key in Rambhut's absence.

By the Court.—Rambhut had left instructions that I was to give grain to the conspirators whenever they wanted it; hence my opening the room—*i.e.*, I was to give them pan-supari, purchased with the money for which grain was sold, and even give them four annas in cash, if they wanted it.

Cross-examination continued.—I should have mentioned this circumstance to the committing magistrate, had he put the questions to me as this court has done. I had occasion to open the room in Rambhut's absence with another key. That key was the key of the house, left with me by Rambhut. I found it opened the lock of the store-room too. Rambhut's mother took away the key of the upper-storey room. In the sopha of Rambhut's house used to live one Bhima Bye; that is, in the portion of the house forming Rambhut's share. The two houses are divided by a wall; there is only one door leading into the sopha. I think there were three locks and keys altogether in Rambhut's house. I remember once Rambhut on his return from Kardaga boxed my ears in the back verandah, because, he said, there ought to have been more than a quarter's worth of betel nut sold. I do not know what Rambhut has done with the key of the upper storey. He took it away from me on his return from Kardaga, as he said, to prevent me from selling any more of the grain. I cannot remember when the above occurred, beyond that it was in the monsoon. I cannot say how much grain I sold at this time, possibly two or three rupees' worth. I can remember that whenever I had to take the grain out I had to sell it. I took it out by the front sopha. I cannot say if I ever went out by the back door. I cannot remember the persons to whom I sold the grain. I always sold it to women. Rambhut did not take me before the fouzdar to charge me with theft of the grain. At that time I fell down at his feet, and asked him to forgive me, because he boxed my ears. I cannot remember in what month the fat of bats was extracted in Rambhut's verandah. This oil was rubbed on a marvadi's hand; it was never rubbed on my hand. The owl from which the fat was extracted was killed on the 30th October I do not know when it was caught. This was not rubbed on my hands, because no proper fat came from the owl; he was a thin owl. I did not see the wicks dipped in the moisture from the eye-sockets. I do not know if the eyes were taken out while the owl was alive. On the same day I was sent to the Holar to tell him that the owl had no fat about him, and that the wicks were dry. I cannot remember if Rambhut had any Mahomedan guru that he used to consult. I never asked the Mahomedan for Rs. 20 which had been advanced before me to find the treasure-trove. I do not remember Rambhut asking either Rambhut, Jagu, Vitthu, myself, and Ramjan were all present while the "seeing" was being done. There were also present Molhar and Malkari, and may be Laxuman. I went once at about dusk to the house of a sonar in the Peth Mangulwar. Vitthu and Ramjan dug for treasure in the place where the idols are kept. I remember the different things I said and saw when I was seeing into my hand. I could not at this distance of time remember all the things we talked of on that day. I, Hari Khatie, Bala, and the others with whom I used to eat pan-supari in the Guzari never went in for this necromancy and seeing for hidden treasure. I cannot say if the conspirators who assembled at Khyru Holar's house on the evening of Sunday (7th November) had about them any of the weapons now in court. I went once to Ghizowni after the Dussara, and there by Rambhut's order I have other clothes besides those I have on now. I they are all in Rambhut's house. I left for Ghizowni on a Saturday, arrived there on Sunday, left there on Wednesday, and returned here on Thursday—that would be on October 21. On my return Bhima Bye asked me why I had returned so soon when I had gone to my village for Devali. I cannot remember what I answered her, but I believe I answered her. On reflection and being reminded, I remember I did reply that I had come to take Rambhut back with me for the Devali holidays. I do not use bhang, I have seen some of the accused smoking bhang at our house. once. They used to smoke whatever they brought with them. I used to keep my pan-supari in my pocket. I used to eat that, and when I went to sit with my friends in the Guzari I used to eat what they gave me. The upper storey was over the front verandah. The room on the front-side of the house belongs to Rambhut. I have heard the conspirators talking of the proposed rebellion in various parts of the house—in the cook-room, the verandah, the centre room, and the upper-storey. The largest meeting I have ever seen held in the house at a time was 25. The members have met on occasions in Rambhut's absence. In his absence sometimes I used to go to Jakopant for my meals, and sometimes not. Rambhut gave me six rupees once when I was going to Jakopant. I had often got 2, 4, 6, or 8 rupees' worth of grain at a time from Wani. One of the persons assembled at the house of Khyru Mahar on the night of 7th November asked what was in the bundle outside. Rambhut said words. The bundle was plainly distinguishable to any person entering the house. I knew the two persons sitting outside the door were those that had come with Appa, because accused Khyru asked him where the men were he had brought with him, and he replied, "The two (myself and Redke) are inside here, and the other two are sitting outside." I did not hear anyone ask Ramjan where the powder was got from that Rama Mali took to Dessayi's Wadi. The powder was brought one night tied up in a cloth, and was kept in the upper storey of Rambhut's house till the following evening, when it was taken to Dessayi's Wadi by accused Makaji. After the rain fell and the first attempt at dacoity failed, Rambhut sent to Ana for the powder back again. Rama Mali brought it, and it was kept in the grain cellar. then 30th Bowa came and asked for it, and on 30th October it was again taken back to be used in the dacoity. The gun-powder was altogether only about five or six days in Rambhut's house. The cellar has a small door, but not a lock. The gun-powder in its cloth was concealed under a basket. There was no rain on the days the gun-powder was taken back and forwarded to Dessayi's Wadi. The powder was wrapped in various cloths, then rolled in a basket, and in that way Rama Mali carried it slung over his shoulder. The first time I saw it taken by Rambhut to Makaji. The six rupees were given to me by Rambhut because I told him I had nothing to buy food with on my journey to and from Ghizowni.

By the court.—I kept no account of the money I had given to the members of the gang by Rambhut's orders.

Gangai Kom Kheru, Holar, age 50, caste Holar, occupation nil, residence Kohlapur.—Accused Khyru is my husband and Laxu man is my son. My husband is a sorcerer. Rambhut used to come to my husband's house to take away ashes, no one else. I have been a year and a half in Kohlapur. No one but Rambhut has been to our house during that period to fetch ashes, and accused No. 2 is the Rambhut who used to come to our house. He used to come, both day and night-time, almost every other day. Whenever Rambhut came to the house he used to sit on a stool that belonged to him. The stool is the large one shown to me (exhibit No. 12). I do not know why he came to receive the ashes my husband gave him. I know nothing but that I and my husband live together. I am a poor, forlorn woman. I recognise the jari (exhibit No. 16) shown to me as one that Rambhut gave me. I do not recognise the blanket (exhibit No. 17). Rambhut gave me the saree because my own was torn. The small stool (exhibit No. 11) was in my house. Rambhut brought it there, as also the large one, as our house was damp. The lamp (exhibit No. 10) and the incense-burner (exhibit No. 15) I also recognize. They were kept in our house. Rambhut brought them there for the worship of the gods. I have never before seen the bundle of plantain-leaves. I have never before seen any of the accused except Rambhut, my husband, and my son. I gave evidence before the court of Nyayadhish on solemn affirmation, and my evidence was read to me afterwards and I heard it. He took down only what I said. (The evidence of this witness, before the committing magistrate was read.) Yes, I did say before the Nyayadhish that Ramjan, Gagoo, and Aba Mhat came to my house for ashes. Ramjan is not here. I recognize accused No. 14 as Jagoo Hoozare, and I recognize accused No. 5 as Aba Mhat. I further said that Vithu Jasood was the first who came to take ashes. I recognize accused No. 15 as Vitthu Jasood. I said that I heard Rambhut and others say that they intended assembling people from time to time for the purpose of raising a rebellion. I cannot remember the Pandow Panchmi day (7th November). No one came to my house on that day. I cannot say how I remember this when I cannot remember the day itself. Before the committing magistrate I deposed that Rambhut, Aba Mhat, Vithu Jasood, Appa Patel, and Ramjan assembled at my house on Sunday after last Devali at 5 p. m., and took ashes for the purpose of rebellion. I recognize accused No. 4 as Appa Patel. These people did not come to my house on the evening in question. Yes, they did come. I did not hear the above five accused arranging to murder the Europeans in their church. My husband gave all the assembled people ashes. He gave them to accused Rambhut and Appa Patel. My son formed one of the party who started for the church to murder the Europeans, but when he had gone a little way my husband went and fetched him back, saying "Do not let us have anything to do with this sort of work." The abovementioned accused persons were in the habit of coming to our house in the evening. They never said anything to me when they came. What I have stated above as having been said by me before the committing magistrate I speak now. I did not say that the accused came to our house every day. Everything I stated before the committing magistrate is true. Why should I repeat it again? Sheikh Ameer and Sheikh Abdul came to my house to ask my husband for a charm in the shape of ashes to cast them in getting their wives to come and live with them. Sheik Allam accompanied them once, but they came altogether three times. Shaik Abdul came with Ramjan first. They used to come in the afternoon, when they had no duty. They came in ordinary native dress, not in uniform. They had nothing, so far as I know, to do with the rebellion. I never heard them speak about it, or saw them join the meetings. I have seen Appa Redeke. He used to come to Kohlapur with Appa Patel. I once sawhim sitting on the mound outside my house on the Pandar Panchmi (7th November). I know Ramjan. I know accused No. 9; his name is Tatia Kochaje. I saw him on that same Sunday (November 7). He came to my house. I have heard the accused No. 10 called the "Mali." He came to my house. I cannot say on what occasion. Accused No. 11 is Narayenbhut. He sometimes came to our house for the purpose of getting a charm for the cure of his childhild, who is sick. No. 12 is Mallorba Karajkar. He used to come to our house. He was not there on the Sunday (November 7). He had no particular reason for coming to our house. I have seen accused No. 13; he is called Makaji Naik. He came to our house, but not on the Sunday. Accused No. 14 (Jugoo) used to come, but not on the Sunday. Accused No. 15 (Vitthu Jasuda) used to come on account of his wife being sick. He was also there on the Sunday (7th November). Accused No. 19 I have seen at our house. I do not know his name; he was not there on Sunday. Accused No. 21 (Rambhut Bhimbhut) came to our house for charms. He was not there on Sunday. Accused No. 24 (Bala Sonar) used to come for charms. He was not mixed up with the rebellion. These accused whom I have recognised only came for the reasons I have stated. I stated before the committing magistrate that all these, with the exception of the Sheikh Allam, Sheikh Ameen, and Sheik Abdul, used to come to our house to talk about the proposed rebellion. This is the truth. About an hour after the rebels started for the church to murder the Europeans Ramjan, Aba Mhat, Vithu Jasuda, and Rambhut returned, saying that all the the Europeans *(Saheb lok)* had gone home to their bungalows. Ramjan said this to my husband. Ramjan first brought the bundle of plantain-leaves to our house. He was the first to go to the church, taking with him the bundle, which he afterwards brought back, and eventually took away with him. I did not hear anyone say that there were swords and guns in the bundle. I did not see. The fouzdar and vakil came to my house before the inquiry, and made me swear on my household gods to speak the truth and tell them everything I knew, or I should be reduced to the same state as my husband and son. On this I told them everything. I spoke the truth to them, as I have done before this court. Laxuman is my own son by Khyru.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Gaiety Theatre, Pantomime, "Blue Beard," 9 p.m.

Waverley Hotel, Pool, 5 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 12th:—Fathe Sultan, from Malliporam. Yesterday:—I. G. S. Dalhousie and Mathew Curie, Kurrachee.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Peggie Day, to Mauritius; Enchantress (s), Marseilles; Abyssinia (s), Zanzibar; Malda (s), Calcutta.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Perim left the dock yesterday.

THE VEHAR LAKE.—The height of water in the Vehar Lake for the week ending Saturday, 8th instant, was 53 feet and 2 tenths. In the corresponding week of last year it was 53 feet and 7 tenths.

DISORDERLY BEHAVIOUR.—A noted character, named Aga Mirza, was yesterday fined Rs. 15 by Mr. M. G. Ranade for being drunk and guilty of disorderly behaviour at Coombarwada on the 11th instant.

FIRE.—On Wednesday last a fire broke out in a hut belonging to Madoo Zilloo, situated at Bhoeewada, which in a very short time was completely burned down. The origin of the fire is not known. The damage is estimated at Rs. 20.

CHARGE OF EXTORTION AGAINST JAIL EMPLOYES.—On the application of Mr. Payne the further hearing of this case was postponed till 2 p. m. to-morrow (Saturday), on the ground that up to yesterday he had not had time enough to instruct Mr. Inverarity on behalf of his client, DeSouza.

STATEMENT OF SILVER BALANCE IN THE MINT.—The value of silver in the mint on the morning of the 3rd instant was Rs. 22,81,235. In addition silver received during the week, Rs. 51,123. The sum of Rs. 2,00,153 in new coin was paid during the week; the balance left was Rs. 21,32,205. There is in addition silver bullion valued at Rs. 18,852 belonging to private individuals deposited in the mint vaults and awaiting assay.

THE undermentioned details ex. troopship Malabar and I. G. S. Dalhousie, now at Colaba Depôt, will be despatched to Poona by a special train leaving the Sassoon Dock at 8 a. m. to-morrow, the 15th instant, *en route* to join their regiments:—Ex. Malabar.—3 officers, 56 men, 1 woman, and 3 children, 12th Lancers; 50 men, 1 woman, and 2 children, 14th Hussars; and 1 officer, 5 men, 18 women, and 26 children, 2-14th Regiment. Ex. Dalhousie.—7 men, 2-15th Regiment; 38 men, 2-11th Regiment; and 1 officer and 8 men, 78th Highlanders.

THE DALHOUSIE.—The I. G. steamer Dalhousie, Captain Walter Powell, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday at 3 p.m. from Persian Gulf ports. She left on the 10th instant at 4 p.m. with 6 officers, 5 warrant officers, 1 woman, 2 children, 107 Europeans and 181 natives rank and file, 20 followers, 3 women, and 1 child, of various regiments, and commissariat stores and mails. The following are the names of the officers:—Lieutenant-Colonel Young, 2nd D. C. L., Major Goford, and Cavalry; Captain James, 2nd Sind Horse; Lieutenant Barlow, 78th Highlanders; Surgeon North, I. M. D.; and Surgeon Lyle, A. M. D.

THE EXTRADITION CASE.—S. Moorga Chetty was arrested under the warrant issued by Mr. P. Ryan and executed by Mr. Inspector Foard at Pondicherry, and brought down to Bombay on Wednesday last, upon the information recently laid before Mr Ryan by Arconachellum Chetty, of Mauritius, charging the accused with dishonestly receiving and retaining in Bombay five bills of exchange for Rs. 16,750, also one bill of exchange for Rs. 10,000, and certain shipping documents. S. Moorga Chetty was yesterday placed before Mr. Ryan, when the magistrate remanded him to the Common Jail, and postponed the hearing of the case to the 19th instant.

STREET ACCIDENTS.—A Hindoo lad aged eight years, named Sumbajee Luximon, was accidentally knocked down by a bullock-cart on Wednesday last at Chinch Bunder, 3rd street. One of the wheels of the cart passed over his right foot which was seriously crushed. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital for treatment.—Krishnajee Ramjee, a labourer, while employed with three others in removing an iron girder at the Musjid Bunder on Wednesday last, had his left foot seriously cut above the toes by the girder accidentally rolling on it. He was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital for treatment.—Chemia Dabria, a cart-driver, fell from his seat opposite Watson's Hotel; the wheel of the cart passed over his leg, fracturing three of his ribs on the right side. He was conveyed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where he is under treatment.

THE WESTERN INDIA SPINNING COMPANY.—An extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Western India Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Limited, was held yesterday in the office of the Company, No. 7, Hummum Street, Mr. T. W. Pendlebury presiding. The notice convening the meeting having been read, it was proposed by Mr. Shapoorjee Burjorjee, seconded by Mr. Premchund Roychund, and carried unanimously that the articles of association framed by the company's solicitors and approved by the board of directors at their meeting held on the 3rd January instant be, and the same are hereby adopted as the regulations of the company, in place of the regulations contained in table A in the first schedule to the Indian Companies Act of 1866. The meeting then terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS IN BOMBAY.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ending Tuesday, 11th instant, was 401, being 12 less than in the previous week, 75 less than the week ending 13th January, 1880, and 80 less than the mean of the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 384 births were reported in the different districts of the city. The rate of mortality per 1,000 of the population per annum was 30·90. There were 104 deaths from remittent fever, being 14 more than the previous week, and 64 less than in the same period last year. The deaths from diseases to the respiratory system, diarrhœa, and dysentery were last week 67, 20, and 14 respectively, as compared with 35, 16, and 25 last year. The following remark is appended by the Health Officer to his return:—"As there is no allowance made for the increase of population, natural and extraordinary, during recent years, the percentages of mortality are unreliable."

MACLEAN'S GUIDE.

WE have to acknowledge the edition of "Maclean's Guide to Bombay" for the current year. The book is neatly printed, strongly bound, is not too bulky, and contains every sort of information, from the history of the place from the time of the Portuguese occupation, down to cab and tramway fares, which the visitor can be conceived to desire. *—Englishman.*

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—In Skin Diseases its efficacy is unequalled. Dr. Ross, Medical Officer of Health, Bhopal, writes:—In Pulmonary Consumption, in Scrofulous Affections, and in the various Diseases of the Skin associated with the strumous taint, Dr. de Jongh's Cod Liver Oil is very efficacious in improving nutrition and tone, restoring plumpness to the fatty tissue and a bright colour to the skin very rapidly. The use of Dr. de Jongh's Oil is quite indispensable in the more obstinate and degenerative forms of Skin Disease." Sold only in capsuled Imperial Half-pints, Pints, and Quarts. By all chemists, druggists and storekeepers. Sole Consignees, Ansar, Harford, and Co., 77, Strand, London.

HIGH COURT.—JANUARY 13.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice WEST.)

A SUIT AGAINST THE G. I. P. RAILWAY COMPANY.

COOVERJEE PREMJEE AND OTHERS VS. THE G. I. P. RAILWAY COMPANY.

His Lordship delivered judgment to-day. The case was, in the first instance, heard before Mr. Justice Green, who took ill in the second week of December, 1879, after the hearing had concluded, and was unable therefore to finish the writing of his judgment, part of which was written by him. The whole case was subsequently argued before Mr. Justice West on Mr. Justice Green's notes of the evidence, as well as on evidence taken under commission at Bellary. Mr. Gill and Mr. Russell, instructed by Messrs. Chalk and Walker, appeared for the plaintiffs; and Mr. Latham and Mr. Farran, instructed by Messrs. Hearn, Cleveland, and Little, for the Railway Company.

The suit was brought to recover Rs. 7,600, with interest, being money payable to the plaintiffs for delivery of bags of jowaree consigned by them to their agent at Bellary, which the defendants undertook to carry by their railway from Bombay and other places to Bellary. The plaintiffs delivered to the defendants fourteen tarpaulins, and defendants promised to return the same, but did not do so. The Railway Company denied that they were liable to plaintiffs beyond the sum of Rs. 3,172, which they brought into court to be paid to the plaintiffs. In respect of the items stated in the plaintiffs' particulars of demand the sum of Rs. 3,337 was due from the defendants, who claimed to deduct therefrom Rs. 165, leaving the balance paid into court. The defendants said that the value of the bags was overstated in the plaintiffs' particulars of demand. With regard to the claim for tarpaulins, the defendants said they were not liable, as they did not enter into any contract with plaintiffs for the carriage of the tarpaulins, and that they had accounted no consideration for the receipt. Even if the plaintiffs did send any tarpaulins with the grain delivered by them to the defendants, such tarpaulins were not lost by any default on the part of defendants. There were many tarpaulins which had been sent along with various consignments of grain lying at Sholapore and Bombay, out of which the plaintiffs had been requested to take delivery, but refused to do so. With regard to a consignment of 29 bags and another of 64 bags of jowaree, the defendants said that they duly arrived at Bellary, to which place they were consigned, but that no application for them was made by the plaintiff or their agents,

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E.C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

F. VOUILLON, Acting Manager.
1, Rampart Row, W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Limited.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Money on Fixed Deposits and allows Interests thereon as follows:—
Deposits subject to 6 months' notice of withdrawal, 4 per cent.
Do. do. 12 do. do. "

EXCHANGE.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Shanghai and Hongkong. It also grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
J. BUCHAN, Acting Manager.
Bombay, 1st December 1877.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

HEAD OFFICE:—65, OLD BROAD STREET, LONDON, E.C.

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BANK OF ENGLAND. | LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.

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" SCOTLAND, | " PARIS.
and also on all the principal Towns in the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES, NEW ZEALAND, and TASMANIA.
If desired, the Bank will send the Drafts direct to the party whose address is given.
CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT available in all parts of the world are issued for the use of Travellers.
CUSTOMERS' SECURITIES are taken charge of, Dividends collected, and Investments and Sales of all descriptions of Securities effected.

INTEREST
On Current Deposit Accounts is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum, on the minimum Monthly Balances, up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances of less than Rs. 1,000.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.
Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal interest will be allowed ..... at 4 p. ct. per annum.
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All letters should be addressed, and hoondies made payable, to the AGENT, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.

REG. MURRAY,
Bombay, 8th December, 1880. Agent.

HOTELS.

LANOWLEE HOTEL.

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL,
FOR FAMILIES AND GENTLEMEN.

ARDASEER MERWANJEE, Proprietor.

NOTICES.

P. GRANT & SON,

SADDLERS
AND
HARNESS MAKERS,
31, MEADOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.

SUNDRY UNCLAIMED CASES of GUNPOWDER and AMMUNITION, lyingin the Bombay Arsenal, will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION to persons possessing LICENCES to deal in Arms and Ammunition, if such claimed and fees due thereon paid within one month of this date. For particulars apply to the Commissary of Ordnance, Bombay Arsenal.

F. W. SPRING, Major, R. A.,
Commissary of Ordnance.
Bombay Arsenal, 6th January, 1881.

MR. J. MANOLESCU.

THE ROMAN HAIR-CUTTING SALOON FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

MR. J. MANOLESCU has the pleasure to state that he has always on hand Wigs, Beards, Whiskers, and Moustaches suitable for any Fancy Dress or Theatrical Performance.
Ladies' faded hair and combings made up in any style at moderate prices.
Orders executed at the shortest notice.
Hair-cutting subscription tickets Rs. 10 each, entitling the holders to 11 cuttings and shampoings, to be had at
"THE ROMAN HAIR-CUTTING SALOON,"
No. 42, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS
IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Stricture, Gravel and Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.
Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND
EXPORT AGENTS.
BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES and Co., Colenian Street, London;
NEWBERY and SONS, 37, Newgate Street, London;
HANCLAY and SONS, 35, Farringdon Street, London;
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And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY.
SMITH, STANISTREET and Co.; BATHGATE and Co. Calcutta.
AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,
TREACHER and Co.; BOLTON and Co.
AGENTS FOR THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY,
BARRIE Co.; DE BEAUX and Co. SCOTT, MASCURINE and Co.
AGENT FOR RANGOON,
THE RANGOON MEDICAL HALL.

JUST UNPACKED
AT THE DEPOT OF
READY-MADE CLOTHES
A SPLENDID AND ADMIRABLY WELL-ASSORTED CONSIGNMENT OF
TROWSERS
of the lightest diagonal cloth, of very neat patterns and fashionable cut, deliciously cool and comfortable.

We have also received some Panama-cloth and light Cashmere Suits, which combine the best qualities desirable in a Gentleman's Garment.

S. GREENBLATT AND CO.,
No. 25, MEADOW STREET, OPPOSITE TREACHER'S BUILDING, BOMBAY.

J. NEUBERG'S INDIAN CIGAR FACTORY.

NEW STOCK! NEW STOCK!
OF
CHEROOTS AND CIGARS,
MANUFACTURED OF
TRICHINOPOLY TOBACCO.

NEW CROP, NEW CROP.
CHEROOTS.

	Per 1,000	Per 100
THOMSON'S PRIME	Rs. 22 0	Rs. 2 8
Do. No. 1	" 19 0	" 2 2
DAWSON'S PRIME	" 20 0	" 2 4
Do. No. 1	" 18 0	" 2 0
NONPAREIL	" 15 0	" 1 12

CIGARS.

	Per 1,000	Per 100
REGALIAS	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 3 0
FAVORITAS	" 22 0	" 2 8
PRINCIPES	" 20 0	" 2 4

DINDIGUL TOBACCO.
CHEROOTS.

	Per 1,000	Per 100
No. 1	Rs. 27 0	Rs. 3 4
No. 2	" 22 0	" 2 8
No. 3	" 18 0	" 2 0

CIGARS.

	Per 1,000	Per 100
LONDRES	Rs. 24 0	Rs. 2 10
CONCHAS	" 20 0	" 2 4

NOVELTY!!!
NEUBERG'S LATEST NOVELTY.
JAVA CIGARS.

	Per 1,000	Per box of 100
FLOR DE JAVA. "COQUETAS"	Rs. 30	Rs. 3 8
Do. "TRABUCOS"	" 35	" 4 0
Do. "ROYALS"	" 40	" 4 8

Samples Forwarded on Application.

J. NEUBERG,
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MRS. LAKE,

MILLINER, DRESS-MAKER, SILK-MERCER, AND LADIES' OUTFITTER.
Constant Supplies of Millinery, &c., Received "Overland."
A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS ALWAYS ON HAND TO SELECT FROM.
Estimates for making up Dresses, &c., on application.
WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Estimates supplied for "WEDDING TROUSSEAUX."
Do. do. for "MOURNING."
Price Lists on application.
Orders from Out-stations should be accompanied by a Remittance, or reference for payment in Bombay.

MRS. LAKE,
UXBRIDGE HOUSE,
No. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR.

GENTLEMEN'S DEPARTMENT.

COATS.

	Rs. a.
Black Alpaca	from 2 15 each
Coloured Alpaca	" 4 14 "
Black Serge	" 4 12 "
Fancy Cashmere	" 5 15 "
Diagonals	" 12 12 "
Alpaca Overcoats	" 11 8 "
Dress (black superfine cloth)	" 14 14 "

WAISTCOATS.

Black Cloth	from 3 8 "
White Marsala (single-breasted)	" 1 8 "
" " (double)	" 1 12 "

TROWSERS.

Cashmere	from 4 4 pr yd
Black (superfine cloth)	" 7 14 "
White Duck	" 0 14 "

SUITS.

Blue Serge Coat and Trowsers	from 9 4 suit
Blue Serge Coat, Trowsers, and Vest	" 11 14 "
Figured Diagonal Coat, Trowsers, and Vest	" 24 8 "

MATERIALS IN GREAT QUANTITIES.

Trowserings	from 1 6 pr yd
Black Serge	" 1 6 "
Blue	" 1 2 "
Ulster Cloths (double width)	" 2 14 "
Coatings	" 2 2 "
Flannel Sleeping Suits	" 7 12 suit
Oxford	" 1 12 "

UMBRELLAS.

Alpaca	from 2 12 each
Silk	" 3 12 "

SHIRTS AND UNDER VESTS.

	Rs. a.
Flannel Colored Shirts	from 4 12 each
Oxford Cloth	" 0 14 "
Regatta	" 1 15 "
Longcloth	" 2 4 "
" extra quality	" 3 4 "
Linen Cuffs and Fronts	" 1 2 "
Vests (under)	

HOSIERY IN ALL SIZES AND PRICES.

Braces	from 0 11 pr pr.
" Extra quality	" 1 4 "
Linen Collars, (Shakespeare)	" 3 6 doz
" Cuffs	" 0 9 pr pr

HATS AND CAPS.

Tweed Hats	from 1 14 each
Hard Felt, all shapes	" 2 0 "
Soft " "	" 3 4 "
Pith Helmets "	" 2 8 "
Helmets, Townsend Patent	" 5 12 "
" Round Brimmed	" 4 15 "
Terai Hats	" 6 4 "
Silk, Tall	" 8 8 "

BOOTS.

Calf Spring Side	from 5 8 pr pr.
Kid Walking	" 8 12 "
Dress (Patent front)	" 8 12 "
Canvas Boots	" 2 15 "

SHOES.

Calf	from 2 15 pr pr.
Kid Walking	" 5 8 "

CANVAS SHOES AND SLIPPERS.
WASHING TIES, AND GREAT VARIETIES OF SILK SCARVES, BOWS, &c., &c.

BOYS CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, COLLARS, &c., IN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENTS.
ORDERS EXECUTED WITH GREAT CARE AND PROMPTITUDE

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR,
ESPLANADE CROSS-ROAD,
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FOR SALE.

Hornsby & Sons' Portable Steam Engines for straw burning.
Clayton & Shuttleworth's Portable Engines, new and second-hand.
Ransome & Sims' Portable Engines.
Horizontal and Vertical Stationary Engines and Boilers.
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Gwynne's Centrifugal Pumps.
Do. Invincible do.
Do. Centrifugal Pumps, with engine attached.
Manchester Steam and Donkey Pumps.
Steam Pumps, "Special."
Gould's Hand Rotary Pumps.
Pulsometer Pumps.
Gould's Pitcher Spout Pumps.
Galvanized Barge Pumps.
Tylor's Lift and Force Pumps.
Merryweather's Double-Barrel "India" Pattern Pumps.
Contractors' Pumps, two and three chambers.
Normandy's Condensers.
Lathes.
Drilling Machines.
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Blast Fans.
Vertical Saw Frames.
Saw Benches.
Double Cylinder Diagonal and Horizontal Steam Winches.
Crab Winches.
"Boomer" Patent Presses, for tobacco. oil, cotton, jute, gunny bags, hides, &c.
Horizontal Presses for castor seed.
Thomson & Mylne's Patent Sugarcane Mills.
Norton & Hawksley's Disintegrators.
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Municipal Carts of all kinds.
Iron and Wooden Cart Wheels.
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Hydrants and Stand Posts.
English-made Cast Iron Water-Pipes and Rain Water-Pipes.
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Steel Shovels.
Steel: Round, Square, Oval, Octagonal and Spring, Blister and Faggot.
Brass and Copper Sheets, Tubes and Rods.
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Lowmoor and B B H Iron.
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Chequered Plates.
Best Refined Plates, Bar, Angle and Tee Iron, of all sizes.
Special Sections of Angle Iron for Bridge Well Curbs.
Pig Iron ("Garthsherrie" and "Redcar.")

BURN & CO.,
HOWRAH IRON-WORKS, HOWRAH.

WARM CLOTHING.

ASQUITH and LORD have a very large assortment of Materials for CLOTHING suitable for wear during the COLD SEASON. Their Cheviot Cloths for suits are of the best and newest textures and patterns, and their Flannels and Silk and Wool for shirts are not equalled in India. Their warm all Shetland Wool underclothing is a luxury to Gentlemen residing in, or about to visit, a cold climate; and the fit and finish of all Garments supplied by them may always be relied on. A few Cash Prices quoted below. Patterns and Catalogues containing our old and simple instructions for Self-measurement forwarded on application.

CASH PRICES.

	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Cheviot Suits, Sac-Coat and Trousers	... ...	... 40 0 to 45 0
Stout Angola do. do.	... ...	45 0
Very warm Ulster Over-Coats, lined	... ...	55 0
The very best Wove-Flannel Shirts	... ...	each 9 0
Our special shrinkless Silk and Wool Shirts	... ...	" 9 0
Our " Oxford-Cloth Shirts	... ...	...six for 36 8
Real Shetland Wool Undershirts, very warm	... ...	each 7 8
Do. do. Long Drawers do.	... ...	" 7 0
Do. do. Socks	... ...	per dozen 25 8
Silver Grey Angola Shirts	... ...	each 6 8
Do. do. Long Drawers	... ...	" 6 0
Best Angola Half Hose	... ...	per dozen, from 21 0
Fine warm elastic Cardigan Jackets	... ...	12 8
Soft white Wool Mufflers	... ...	2 0
Hand-made Ringwood Gloves	... ...	per pair 2 0
Warm Rugs, Blankets, and Scotch Mauds	... ...	from 15 0 to 55 0

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GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

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WE have now on view a very large selection of ARTICLES in BRITISH OAK with Electro-Plated mounts, most suitable as

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OR
BIRTH-DAY GIFTS.

BARRELS ON STAND, One or three for Claret Cup, Brandy, Whisky and Gin, Rs. 58 and 145.
SALAD BOWLS WITH SERVERS, Rs. 102.
PUNCH BOWLS, Rs. 80 and 100.
CRUET-STANDS AND BREAKFAST CRUETS, Rs. 72, 66, 46, 32, 26 and 22.
BUTTER DISHES AND SARDINE BOXES, Rs. 37 and 35.
BISCUIT BOXES AND ICE PAILS, Rs. 50, 45, 38, and 26.
LOVING CUPS AND TANKARDS,
With 3 Handles, Rs. 63. Rs. 38, 32, 24, 22 and 19.
PICKLE-FRAMES, Rs. 45 and 47.
ICE PITCHERS, Rs. 58 and 80.
SALT CELLARS, in case of 4 and 6, Rs. 31, 33, 44. Silver mounts, Rs. 90 and 135, cash.
TOAST RACKS, Rs. 22.
TEA TRAYS AND SALVERS, Rs. 8, 45, 40, 36, 24.
KNIFE TRAYS, Rs. 45.
WINE COOLERS Rs. 55.
TEA CADDIES, Rs. 6.
ICE PAILS, Rs. 38.

January 12, 1881.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT.

"Is a success and boon for which Nations should feel grateful."—See *Medical Press, Lancet, British Medical Journal, &c.*
"Consumption in England increased tenfold in ten years."
Invariably adopted when once fairly tried.
To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.
CAUTION.—Genuine only with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across Label.

FINEST and CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK, for SOUPS, MADE DISHES & SAUCES.

INVALUABLE for INDIA, on ACCOUNT of its KEEPING GOOD in the HOTTEST CLIMATES, and for ANY LENGTH of TIME.

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DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEART-BURN, HEAD-ACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.
THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.
DINNEFORD & Co., Chemists, London,
And of Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.
N. B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

AGENTS—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.

COGNACS IN WOOD.

	Per Imperial Gal Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
* Star, a capital peg Brandy	10 8	10 12
** Stars, a spirit, pale pleasant, delicate flavour...	11 4	11 8
*** Stars, fine old Cognac, soft pale, mellow flavour, and strongly recommended for general consumption	13 0	13 8
**** Stars, very superior old pale, of great age and delicate flavour...	15 0	15 8

SHERRY IN WOOD.

MANZANILLA.—This natural Sherry is very pale, dry, and has a good aroma.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Per Imperial Gallon	8 9	9 0
" Quarter Cask of about 27 Imperia Gallons	216 0	236 0

FINE OLD WHISKYS IN CASKS AND JARS.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Irish and Scotch, A 1 Quality, per Imperial Gallon	8 12	8 9
Quarter Cask of about 29 Imperial Gallons...	242 0	256 0

Empty Jars for the above—1 gall. Rs. 2; 2 gall. Rs. 3; 4 gall. Rs. 4.
Electro-plated Taps to suit—Rs. 4 each.

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Medoc of about 48 Imp. Galls. or 24 dozs.	172 0	180 0
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THIS ANNOUNCEMENT APPEARS TWICE A WEEK.

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BOMBAY.

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MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co. are glad to inform their numerous constituents and the Public that, owing to the continually increasing sale of their watches, they are enabled to reduce their prices, by which means, together with the improvements lately added, they trust to secure a still greater sale for their goods.

GERMAN SILVER KEYLESS WATCHES, CRYSTAL FRONTS.

The Railway Watch, medium size	...Rs. 20
Do. " large size	... " 25 and 30
Do. " do. very superior	... " 40 and 50
The Celebrated Campaign Watch, the best time-piece for officers	... " 30 and 35
formerly sold at...	" 35 40

ALL GUARANTEED FOR TWO YEARS.

SILVER WATCHES.

Gentlemen's open-faced cylinder	...Rs. 20, 25, 30 & 40
Hunting lever	... " 25, 30, 35, 40 & 50
Crystal-face keyless lever with movements like the "Campaign Watch"	Rs. 35
Hunting and half-hunting keyless lever	... " 48
Ladies' hunting and half-hunting, in great variety	... " 45, 50 60, 75 & 90
Plain half-hunting case, with gold winding button, the very finest finish	... " 25 to 55

GOLD WATCHES.

Gentlemen's open-faced, of every size	...Rs. 50 to Rs. 150
Hunting, half-hunting, or crystal-faced keyless lever, plain, engineturned or chased	... " 200 to 275
do. do. do. chronometer, in stout cases, with all the latest improvements, maximum variation, guaranteed not to exceed a minute per month	... " 250 to 340
Ladies' open-faced, of every size	... " 50 to 80
Hunting, small and medium sized, neatly finished	... " 65
Do. do. lever escapement	... " 70
Open-faced hunting, or half hunting, keyless, best finish	... " 120 to 175
Do. with compensation balance and extra stout case	... " 200 to 240

C. MARCKS & CO.
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PATRONISED BY THE ARISTOCRACY AND THE ELITE, EXTENSIVELY USED IN THE ARMY AND NAVY, AND HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY THE LEADING MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS.

V. PROTECTED BY THE ROYAL LETTERS PATENT, DATED OCTOBER 11, 1869. R.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE,

The New Curative Agent and only Reliable Remedy for Indigestion, Nervous and Liver Complaints Fevers, and all Functional Derangements.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE is acknowledged by the first medical men in Europe as the most efficacious medicine hitherto discovered for Weak and Shattered Constitutions, Nervous Debility, Aversion or Incapacity for Study, Trembling of the Limbs, Indigestion, Female Complaints, Flatulence, Liver Complaints, Shortness of Breath, Drowsiness, Pains in the Head, Pimples, Impoverished Blood, and all diseases caused by a long residence in tropical climates, for which iron, mercury, iodide of potass, &c., are given in various forms, often to the destruction of the patient's health.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC IN INDIA.

Beware of a WORTHLESS IMITATION, advertised in a few Indian Newspapers. Dr. Bright's (the only genuine) Phosphodyne is the safest and most reliable preparation of Phosphorus, and the only medicine of that name recommended by the Medical Faculty.
Fraudulent Imitations are in no way recognized by the Medical Profession, and are either Useless or Positively Dangerous.

STRENGTHEN THE CONSTITUTION.—Until the introduction of DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE in 1869, Phosphorus was but seldom prescribed as a Medicine, owing to the difficulty in so preparing it that its action could be kept under perfect control. It had been used in Almond and Olive Oils, in Sulphuric Ether, in rectified Alcohol, in Chloroform, and in several advertised medicines; but in all the hitherto known methods of its preparation, certain irregular results have been experienced. But in the form of DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE, its invaluable action on the human system is realized without any of those drawbacks which other modes of preparation invariably produce.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is sold in Cases only by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the Globe.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.—Full Directions for use in the English, French, German Italian, Dutch, Spanish, Portuguese, Russian, Danish, Turkish, Persian, Hindostani, Madrassee, Bengalee, Chinese and Japanese Languages accompany each case.
DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.—Purchasers of this medicine should be careful to observe that the words "Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne" are blown in the bottle, and that the directions for use are printed in all the languages as above, without which none can possibly be genuine Phosphodyne. Every Case bears the Trade Mark and Signature of Patentee.

☞ ASK FOR DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE,
And do not be pursuaded to take any Useless and Possibly Dangerous Substitute.

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Do. BATHGATE & Co., Calcutta.	LAHORE.....E. GILLON & Co., Lahore.
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Manufactory Locle. Established 1813. Established in Bombay, 1866. Established in Calcutta, 1879. Largest stock of Watches in India. Selection unequaled.

JEWELLERS.

A beautiful assortments of Ladies' and Gent's Rings with Precious Stones always on hand. Lockets, plain and jewelled, Charms, Albert Chains, Victoria Chains, Necklets, Pencils &c., &c., a fine assortment.

OPTICIANS.

Agents Eureka Spectacles and Eye Glasses, celebrated for their excellent qualities. Opera Glasses from Rs. 10 to Rs. 100; Field Glasses, Marine Glasses, &c.

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All work executed on the premises by a thoroughly competent workman. Initials, Monograms, and Coats-of-Arms neatly and tastefully engraved on Stone and Metal.

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Chains made to order in most of our patterns in Indian Gold. Catalogues sent post free We guarantee the Chains made by us to be equal to the best London workmanship.

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SARSAPARILLA.
THE BLOOD PURIFIER.

THIS extraordinary Medicine has a singular influence upon the blood, which it enriches and purifies. It removes all pimples and blotches, purifies the system, and acts like a charm. As a sustaining and purifying tonic it is invaluable, and highly recommended in long standing cases of indigestion, nervousness, coughs colds, scrofula, gout, dropsy and wasting of flesh; and is greatly assisted by the Sarsaparilla Pills.
CAUTION.—GET THE RED AND BLUE WRAPPER, WITH THE DOCTOR'S HEAD IN THE CENTRE. NO OTHER GENUINE. In bottles, of all Chemists, 2s. 6d., 1s. 6d., and 11s. 131, Fleet St., E.C.

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SARSAPARILLA PILLS
are the most popular Medicine known for all bilious affections, liver, stomach complaints, and indigestion. Most efficacious in conjunction with the Sarsaparilla. 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d., of all Chemists.
CHIEF DEPOT 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.
AGENTS:—Calcutta, BATHGATE & Co. and SMITH ANISTREET & Co.; Bombay and Poona, TREACHER & Co.; Vepery, Madras, BARRY & Co.; Rangoon, GILLON & Co.; Bangalore, O'HARA & Co.; Lahore, GILLON & Co.

HEALTH RESTORED.
THE RESTORATIVE POWER OF
PHOSPHORUS
Is daily made manifest by the remarkable cures affected by it, Prepared by
H. & T. KIRBY & CO.

IT is as harmless as Quinine, while as a tonic, for nervous affections it is far superior. As a restorative it affords immediate relief when the system is jaded and worn by severe mental work, or depressed after unusual nervous excitement. In cases of despondency and grief, its exhilarating and stimulating effect is most marked

H. & T. KIRBY & CO.'S
COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS
ARE composed of PURE PHOSPHORUS (Luminous), QUININE, IRON and NUX VOMICA.
An invaluable remedy for NERVOUS DISEASES characterized by DEBILITY, POVERTY of BLOOD and loss of NERVE POWER.
This preparation of Phosphorus cures NEURALGIA, NERVOUS INDIGESTION, LOWNESS of SPIRITS, and other manifestations of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION very rapidly.
BRAIN WORKERS, CLERGYMEN, PROFESSIONAL and BUSY COMMERCIAL MEN who are habitually overworked, derive great benefit from this COMBINATION OF TONICS.
FOR CONVALESCENTS recovering from Fever and other Exhausting Diseases, this restorative is superior to all other medicine.
May be obtained from Messrs. Treacher and Co., Bombay; Messrs. Madon & Co., Bombay; Messrs. Smith, Stanistreet and Co., Calcutta; and Mr. J. L. Lyell, Allahabad.

PATENT WROUGHT NAILS.
J. J. CORDES & Co.,
The Patentees and Sole Manufacturers of the well-known Patent Wrought Nails, commonly known as
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Desire to make it known that a "STAR" or "CROSS" is their Trade Mark, and that all Nails made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every Package sent from their works is also placed a card bearing their Name and Address.
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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE
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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE (late Army Medical Staff) discovered a remedy, to denote which he coined the word CHLORODYNE. Dr. BROWNE is the sole inventor, and it is therefore evident that, as he has never published the formula, anything else sold under the name CHLORODYNE must be a piracy.
Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—All attempts at analysis have failed to discover its composition.
Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to.—See the *Times*, July 13, 1864.
REMEDIAL USES AND ACTION.
This invaluable remedy produces quiet, refreshing sleep, relieves pain, calms the system, restores the deranged functions and stimulates healthy action of the secretions of the body without creating any of those unpleasant results attending the use of opium. Old and young may take it at all hours and times when requisite. Thousands of persons testify to its marvellous good effect and wonderful cures, while medical men extol its virtues most extensively, using it in great quantities in the following diseases:—Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colics, Coughs, Asthma, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Whooping Cough, Cramp, Hysteria, &c.

EXTRACTS FROM MEDICAL OPINIONS.
The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians, and J. T. Davenport, that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was CHLORODYNE.—See *Lancet*, Dec 31, 1864.
From A. Montgomery, Esq., late Inspector of Hospitals, Bombay:—"CHLORODYNE is almost valuable remedy in Neuralgia, Asthma, and Dysentery. To it I fairly owe my restoration to health, after 18 months' severe suffering, and when other remedies had failed."
Dr. Lowe, Medical Missionary in India, reports (Dec. 1865,) that in nearly every case F. Cholera in which Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE was administered, the patient recovered.
Extract from *Medical Times*, Jan. 12, 1866:—"CHLORODYNE is prescribed by scores of orthodox medical practitioners. Of course it would not thus be singularly popular did it not supply a want and fill a place."
Extract from the General Board of Health, London, as to its efficacy in Cholera:—"Sufficiently are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases."
Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.
IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The Immense sale of this remedy has given rise to many unscrupulous imitations.
N. B.—Every bottle of genuine CHLORODYNE bears on the Government stamp the name of the inventor.
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ARE celebrated all over the world as the most safe and speedy remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges of any kind, Stone in the Bladder, and Diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs generally. Possessing tonic properties, they agree with the most delicate stomach, strengthen the digestive organs, increase the appetite, improve the general health, and in three days will effect a cure where copaiba, cubebs, and all dangerous medicines of that class have utterly failed.
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